BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE OYAL ASIATIC SOCIET

P & O

B. SMYTH & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS

Rs. 30 A Dozen, 10 Years Old.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,198—New Series.

BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1901.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
BRAND
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 3 P.M. 1901.
* PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	16th Mar.
M.L. INDIA	7911	W.D.G. Worcester	23rd ,,
* EGYPT	7918	G. L. Langborne	30th ,,
M.L. PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	6th April
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	13th ,,
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne.	20th ,,
* PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	27th ,,
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	4th May
ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	11th ,,
M.D. PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	18th ,,
ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	25th ,,
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st June
PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	8th ,,
M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	15th ,,

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked* proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAY, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals sailing at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 26th February. 1901.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
CLEOPATRA	R. Colledani	4,070	1st Apr., 1901.
IMPERATRIX	C. Bellen	4,149	1st May, 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
* MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	A. Bilaffer	4,765	28th Mar., 1901.
F. FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	6,043	in April 1901.
TRIESTE	A. Milis	5095	in May 1901.

* She will not call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 1,056	Rs. 632-8,
Available for 12 months	,, 1,166	,, 687-8,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to Cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MELPOMENE	C. Mateovich	2,968	23rd April 1901.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 14th March, 1901.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
F.S. Dco. BALDUINO.	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. 1901
,, R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	15th April 1901

BOMBAY TO VENICE DIRECT.
CALLING AT ALEXANDRIA AND BRINDISI.

	Tons.		Captains
S.S. NILO	2801	27th March, 1901.	A. Coanzoneri
S.S. INDEPENDENT	2853	26th April, 1901.	S. Anfosso

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single, Tickets.	Return Tickets 4 months.	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	665	907-8	968	1,028-8	1,100
2nd ,,	357-8	550	577-8	605	660
3rd ,,	165	..	..	..	..

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

S. S. BORMIDA, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th March, 1901.

ITALIAN COLONIAL TRADING Co., Ld.,
C. BOGGIANO, Agent.
Elphinstone, Circle No. 15, Old Mercantile Bank Buildings.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY,
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	14th Mar., 1901.
ANNAM	6,208	Sellier	11th Apr., 1901.
OCEANIEN	4,249	Schmitz	9th May, 1901.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "INDUS," 6,357 tons, Captain Duchateau, to sail on or about the 3rd April, 1901.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Coloured Map of India revised from Office and To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Office and at sellers and Railway Terminus.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, 15th March, at 2 p.m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KARACHI.

S. S. "AMRA," 535 tons, on TUESDAY, the 19th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on THURSDAY, the 21st March, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, LAMU, MOZAMBIQUE, IBO, BEIRA AND DELAGOABAY.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on or about FRIDAY, the 22nd March.

FOR KARACHI, SEYCHELLES, KILINDINI AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "VADALA," 3,334 tons, on or about FRIDAY, the 15th March.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, the 21st March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 14th March, 1901.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London ; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

A STEAMER, to Sail about End April.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 8th March, 1901.

HINTS TO INTENDING TRAVELLERS.

THE SAN FRANCISCO OVERLAND ROUTE.

QUICK ROUTE THROUGH AMERICA.
VIA CHINA, JAPAN, HONOLULU AND SAN FRANCISCO.
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL S. S. CO., TOYO KISEN KAISHA (ORIENTAL S. S. CO.), AND THE CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC AND CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAYS.

S. S. "CHINA."

THE GREAT AMERICAN MAIL STEAMERS.
ONLY LINES VIA HONOLULU.

These Steamers are renowned for the rapidity and regularity of their passages, and afford special comfort to Passengers in every respect, Saloons, Deck Cabins, and State Rooms amidships, provided with every modern convenience.

One of the magnificent steamers of these lines leaves Hongkong every nine days as per schedule for San Francisco calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan) Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu, H. I.

Lay-Overs granted to all ports of call. Passengers may stop at any port and proceed by a later steamer of any of the above lines.

Special Rates granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the service of the Governments of China and Japan.

The Central Pacific, Union Pacific and Chicago and North-Western is the only line making 3 days to Chicago and 4 days to New York. It is the line selected by the U. S. Government to carry the fast mail. Pullman Double Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars (a la carte), Composite Buffet Smoking and Library Cars with Barber Shop, Reclining Chair Cars and the entire train Vestibuled and lighted throughout by Pintsch Gas.

Bear in mind, when selecting your route, see your tickets read *via* China and Japan and the Hawaiian Islands to San Francisco, California, *via* Pacific Mail S. S. Co., the Occidental and Oriental S. S. Co., and the Toyo Kisen Kaisha S. S. Co., and avoid the discomfort from the overpowering heat of the Red Sea and Suez Canal.

Grand Mountain Scenery. Fine Fishing and Shooting in the Rockies.

Passage furnished to all points in the United States, Canada and Europe.

For further particulars, Maps, Pamphlets, Passage Tickets, to all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe, &c., apply to T. D. McKAY, General Passenger Agent, San Francisco Overland Route, No. 4, Water Street, Yokohama, Japan.

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WHITNEY BROS. & Co., Calcutta.
WM. WATSON & Co., Bombay and Calcutta.
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J. S. VANBUREN,
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PHŒNIX CHEROOTS & INDIAN CIGARS.

(THE "PHŒNIX" BAND).

Manufactured expressly for TREACHER & Co., LD., from finest selected and throughly matured Dindigul Tobacco, acknowledged to be the cheapest and best smokes procurable.

		Special Cash Rates. Rs. a.
TREACHER'S NOBLES, Cheroot Shape, without straw	per box of 100	1 12
TREACHER'S DAWSONS, Cheroot Shape, with straw	per box of 100	1 12
TREACHER'S THOMSONS, Cheroot Shape, with straw	per box of 100	1 14
TREACHEE'S HAVANNAHS, Cigar Shape	per box of 100	2 0
TREACHER'S SPECIALS, Torpedo Shape	per box of 50	1 12
TREACHER'S SUMATRAS, Barrels		1 12
JAVA GEMS, No. 1	per box of 100	3 8
,, ,, ,, 2	,, ,,	3 0
,, ,, ,, 3	,, ,,	2 12
,, NOBLES	,, ,,	3 0

We undertake to deliver parcels of Celebrated Trichinopoly and Java Cheroots to any address in the United Kingdom free of all expense, at the following rates :—

	1,000 Rs. a.	500 Rs. a.	100 Rs. a.
TREACHER'S NOBLES	112 0	58 0	12 8
TREACHER'S DAWSONS	112 0	64 0	14 8
TREACHER'S THOMSONS	134 0	70 0	15 0
TREACHER'S HAVANNAHS	113 0	59 0	13 0
TREACHER'S SPECIALS	142 0	73 0	15 8
TREACHER'S SUMATRAS	142 0	73 0	15 8
TREACHER'S JAVAS, No. 1	150 0	78 0	16 8
TREACHER'S ,, ,, 2	136 0	71 0	15 0
TREACHER'S ,, ,, 3	110 0	58 0	12 8

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

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OUR INDIAN CONDIMENTS.

(PEACOCK BRAND.)

DELICIOUS AND PALATABLE
CHUTNEYS, JAMS, JELLIES, CURRY STUFFS, PICKLES, PRESERVES, SAUCES, MUSTARD, ETC., ETC.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
RECOMMENDED TO FAMILIES, HOTELS, MESSES, AND CLUBS.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

THE INDIAN CHUTNEY MFG. CO.,

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CAKES:

WEDDING CAKES, BIRTHDAY & CHRISTENING CAKES

OF MAGNIFICENT DESIGNS AND DECORATIONS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CAKES:

SMALL CAKES, PASTRIES, CHOCOLETS, SWEETS, &c., &c.,
MANUFACTURED DAILY ON THE PREMISES BY COMPETENT EUROPEANS.

ICES.

DELICIOUS ICE CREAMS:
TWO KINDS DAILY.

ORDERS for the above respectfully solicited.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS for Cakes, Confectioneries, Oilman's Stores, Wines, &c., receive the personal attention of the Proprietor.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,

83 and 85, MEDOWS STREET, and at
RAMPART ROAD, Opposite Watson's Hotel.
TELEPHONE NO. 42.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Vessels will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail on
S.S. SAFARI	1432	Aherns	18th March.

Taking Cargo and Passengers for ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA, LAMU, KISMAYU, BRAVA, MERKA, MOGHDUCHA and all the Eastern Ports of Africa up to NATAL.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Meadows Street.
Bombay, 5th March, 1901.

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GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.

SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS AND MISSIONARIES booked at reduced rates.

PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.

HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Saillings by all Lines, sent FREE on Application.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.

PACKAGES cleared or shipped.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

London Agents, GRINDLAY & CO.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 12 per year including Postage.

WANTED.

MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

ASSISTANT LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT WANTED.

WANTED, for the Madras Railway about April next, an ASSISTANT LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT, Second Grade. On a Salary of Rs. 550 to Rs. 650. The applicant must have had a thorough training as a Mechanical Engineer in an English Railway or other Workshop and must further have had experience in India of both Workshop and District Work and be competent to act as Works Manager or as District Locomotive Superintendent as required. The age of the applicant should not exceed 35. Applications should be sent to the Undersigned.

LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.
Madras, 14th February, 1901.

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel. Rs.
With Turnpin Side	60	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	16
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SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movillete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold.	Silver.	Nickel.	Steel.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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UNPARALLELED OPPORTUNITY FOR CYCLISTS.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD., are offering FOR SALE the following "PREMIER" CYCLES at GREAT REDUCTIONS to clear their entire Stock.

GENTLEMEN'S

		List Cash Price. Rs.	Clearance Price. Rs.
5	Popular Premiers	250	187
1	Model "Premier" Road Racer.	265	200
9	Model "S" Premier Roadsters	270	208
1	Model "P" Premier Roadster	330	247
2	Model "O" Premier Road Racers..	330	247
3	Premier Path Racers	330	247
3	Premier "Kohinoor"	335	251
1	Polo-Premier	360	270
3	Premier "Royals"	360	270
4	Duplex Premiers	450	337

LADIES'

		List Cash Price. Rs.	Clearance Price. Rs.
6	Kangaroo Premiers	235	176
5	Popular Premiers	265	200
6	Model "H" Premiers	270	208
3	Model "G" Premiers	335	251
8	Kobinoor Premiers	335	251
4	Royal Premiers	360	270

All machines fitted with the Latest Dunlop Tyres.
All machines are up to date.

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THE LATEST ADDITION TO THE "BAHADUR"

CATALOGUE.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS"

BRAND.

THE "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS"

Brand is the latest addition to our List. They are packed in

Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a "BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS." Ring.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS" Extra large 5 inches, Rs. 37-8.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 1, 4½ in., Rs. 31-6.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 2, 4 in., Rs. 29-0.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 3, 3¾ in., Rs. 27-8.

"BAHADUR QUEEN EMPRESS," No. 4, 3 in., Rs. 24-0

PACKED in BOXES of 50, at an extra charge of Re. 1 Per 1,000.

PACKED in BOXES of 25 at an extra charge of Rs. 2 Per 1,000

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE GENERAL AGENCY.

FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIALITIES.

BRANDIES.	WHISKIES.	WINES.
LAURENT'S LIQUEUR, 50 Years old.	ANTIQUARY LIQUEUR.	SHERRY, PORT, MADEIRA CHAMPAGNE, HOCK, CLARET, BURGUNDY, LIQUEURS.
JULES ROBINS O. P.	WATSON'S CLUB.	FROM THE WELL KNOWN SHIPPERS,
COURVOISIERS	GILBEY'S PROVOST.	W & A GILBEY, J & C WHITE
AUSTRALIAN	,, SPEY ROYAL.	HEIDSIECK & Co. E & F CANTORS'
GILBEY'S UNIVERSAL.	DAWSON'S PERFECTION.	LO. SICARD, BRETON & HOARD.
THOS DUNKIN'S.	UAM VAR.	&c. &c. &c.
&c. &c. &c.	MATHER'S 3 Stars. &c. &c. &c.	

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

THE EVENT OF THE SEASON

THE BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

Under the direction of
MAURICE E. BANDMANN

TO-NIGHT,

FRIDAY, MARCH 15TH—The Great Lyric Success
"FLORODORA"
From the Lyric Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, MARCH 16TH—The Rage of Two London Seasons.
"SAN TOY"
From Daly's Theatre, London.

MONDAY, MARCH 18TH—The Charming Comic Opera.
"THE FRENCH MAID"
From the Vaudeville Theatre, London.

TUESDAY, MARCH 19TH—The Rage of London.
"THE BELLE OF NEW YORK"
From the Shaftesbury Theatre, London.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20TH—Gilbert and Sullivan's Greatest Success
"THE MIKADO"
From the Savoy Theatre, London.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21ST—The Unrivalled Success
"LA POUPEE"
From the Prince of Wales' Theatre, London.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22ND—The Most Popular Comic Opera
"THE GEISHA"
From Daly's Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23RD—The Greatest Gaiety Success
"THE SHOP GIRL"
From the Gaiety Theatre, London.

MONDAY, MARCH 25TH—The Belle of New York's Successor.
"THE CASINO GIRL"
From the Shaftesbury Theatre, London.

TUESDAY, MARCH 26TH—Arthur Roberts' Greatest Success
"GENTLEMAN JOE"
From the Prince of Wales' Theatre, London.

Box Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Hummum Street.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

WILL BE OPENED BY
H. E. THE GOVERNOR
AT THE SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ARTS, BOMBAY,
ON SATURDAY, THE 16TH OF MARCH,
1901, AT 5 P. M.

The Society's Conversazione will be held on FRIDAY, the 15th March, at 5 P. M.
Military Band on the 15th and 16th instant.
The Exhibition will be OPEN Daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M.

ADMISSION ONE RUPEE.
SEASON TICKETS 3 RUPEES.

Exhibitors will not be allowed free entrance to the Exhibition.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo arrived per S. S. SYDNEY, from COLOMBO the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN are hereby informed that she has landed her Cargo in the Victoria Dock No. 12. All Claims for Damages, &c., must be sent in the Office within seven days after the discharge of Cargo, or before the goods are removed to the unclaimed warehouse from the landing shed, otherwise they will not be entertained. Goods on Survey will be attended to every morning.

C. RUINAT,
Agent.

Bombay, 14th March, 1901.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY to WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give Notice, that the SECOND SESSIONS of 1901 of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto, and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 13th day of March, 1901.

JAMES MACDONALD,
Sheriff of Bombay.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF AHMEDABAD.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATION NO. 181 OF 1898.

In the matter of the INDIAN Companies Act 1882.

and

In the matter of the GUJURAT COTTON SPINNING and MANUFACTURING Company Limited (in Liquidation.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Mill and Mill premises owned by the above named Company and known as the KANKARIA or AMULAKH'S Mill situate at Ahmedabad, standing on leasehold ground and measuring 8 Acres and 2 Gunthas or thereabouts, of 13500 spindles with all preparatory and other machinery, plant, Gearing, Mechanic's shop &c. with Horizontal Compound side by side condensing Steam Engine with High Pressure Cylinder 18" diameter, Low Pressure Cylinder 34" diameter 4'–6" stroke 500, indicated H.P. with a Boiler Pressure of 125 lbs. per square inch, with a speed of 70 Revolutions per minute and two Lancashire Steam Boilers 25' long by 7' diameter suitable for 125 lbs. working pressure with all their fittings of the very highest class of special suitable design by Messrs. Yates and Thom, all supplied by Messrs Dobson and Barlow in 1896 and 1897 and worked upto November 1898, will be put up for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION at Ahmedabad on the mill premises by the order of the District Court of Ahmedabad bearing date the 17th day of December 1900 by the Offiial Liquidators Messrs. Sett. MANSUKHBHAI BHAGUBHAI and Sett. LALBHAI DALPATBHAI on THURSDAY the 11th day of April 1901 at 3 P. M. subject to the particulars and conditions approved and sanctioned by the said Court, copies of which could be obtained on application to the undersigned at their Office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay or Ahmedabad, Jordon Banglow Bhadar.—Dated this 27th day of December 1900.

Sd. BHAISHANKER and KANGA,
Attorneys for the Official Liquidators.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed	Rs.	15,00,000
Reserve Fund	,,	11,00,000
Uncalled Capital	,,	5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
,, R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
,, N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
,, D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest :—

		Per cent.
For 2 Years	5½	Per Annum.
,, 1 Year	5	,,
,, 6 Months	4½	,,
,, 3 Months	4	,,

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 12th January, 1901.

LONDON BRANCH :
18, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay. Rs. 13 in the Mofussil.

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The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GUN METAL CIGARETTE CASES, Snuff-Boxes, and Tobacco Boxes. New goods in Gun Metal at MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

CONCENTRATED ESSENCE of CHIRETTA is a purely vegetable Tonic, and peculiarly adapted in diseases of the Liver and Debility attendant on Fever, etc., Re. 1 Per bottle. Prepared by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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THE NEW IMPROVED CELESTINA with 5 rolls, Rs. 75, Phoenix with a Dozen tunes Rs. 60 to 120 and other Hand Organs. Rates and lists of tunes can be had from STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-10-2 per case, at Bombay ; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-11-2 per case, at Bandora.

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TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
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MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

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BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
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BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

22, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	YENS	4,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	,,	18,000,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	8,130,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Tientsin.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK
The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

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Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£500,000
RESERVE FUND	£330,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Lahore, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Amritsar, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principle Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

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H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES :—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE, LONDON, MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

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CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 40,00,000.

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS :—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS, which may be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 3 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 1st May, 1900.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$	30,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE :

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CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

		Rs.	a.			Rs.	a.
General Kitchener	per 100	4	0	India	per 100	2	8
Sarah Bernhardt Gold Tipped	,,	4	0	Extra No. 1	,,	2	4
Queen Olga extra ,, ,,	,,	4	0	Extra No, 2 Gold tipped	,,	2	0
Imperial	,,	4	0	Extra No. 2	,,	1	12
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Aromatic	,,	2	12	Extra popular	,,	1	0
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A Simple and Effective Precaution against Enteric (Typhoid) Fever, Cholera, Dysentery, and all Diseases communicated through Water.

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M. PASTEUR states that he has authorized the association of his name with this Filter, invented and tested in his laboratory, because of his knowledge of its scientific and sanitary value ; but that such association with any other filter is simply an abuse of his name, made without his authority and against his wish.

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This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c. ; restores the failing powers, and imparts new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

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Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, discharges, gleet, secondary symptoms, bone disease, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture) for the sake of extra profit. TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks registered at the Patent Office. Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons pirating.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNES

CHLORODYNE.

COUGHS COLDS,
ASTHMA! BRONCHITIS.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false*.

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

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IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR
DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY
CHOLERA.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose, generally sufficient.

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IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURER*—

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Per Case of 4 Dozen	Qts.	Rs.	20	0
Do. of 6 Dozen	Pts.	Rs.	19	8

AGENTS :
B. SMYTH & CO., LIMITED,
ESPLANADE, BOMBAY

LAWSON'S
LIQUEUR
WHISKY.

The extreme softness, mellowness and fine character, for which this whisky is so justly noted, are produced by age, high quality and judicious blending.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

Of all Dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

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ASSOCIATION.

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THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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Secretary.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES,
GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

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Special Mixtures, CRUSHED OATS, BRAN, etc. Supplied.

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The property of another gentleman—
1 strong-built French-polished office shigram.
1 showy black Arab pony going in saddle.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF ENGLISH BUILT LANDAU, BROUGHAM AND SINGLE HARNESS.

On MONDAY next, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the Committee of Bai Merbai Nowrojee Ardaseer Davur, appointed by the Court.
1 English built landau by Morgan and Co.
1 brougham
2 sets of single harness

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as cupboards, tables, chairs, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, book and hat stands, sofas, cushions, chairs, almira, organ, new Brussels' carpets, square piano by Schiedmayer and Soehn, Austrian safe on stand, musical cabinets.

1 D. B. 12-bore top lever shot gun with implements in case right barrel-cylinder, left full choked, by Rigby, Birmingham.

3 dozen Russian Morroco roan, green, blue, chocolate colour carriage lining leather, ex s. s. Sobraon.

1 Minature biliard table with balls and cues.

On account of the concerned ex s. s. Trentham Hall, P. M. & Co. 5—1 Case Hand spooling machine.

AT 2 P. M.

Several new and second-hand ladies' and gents' bicycles by Swift and other makers
1 "Raglan" bicycle
1 bay pony
1 strong-built landau
1 light second-hand victoria
1 serviceable office shigram
1 light dog-cart
1 set English brass-mounted double harness
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF 100 BALES No. 10's, YARN

On WEDNESDAY next, the 20th Inst, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the Assur Veerjee Mills, Ld. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Shridham and Co. the defaulting purchasers,—

100 bales each 400lbs. No. 10's yarn of Assur Veerjee Mills make with the Mills' usual Phold ticket. The yarn is the same as that known in the China Market as the Mills' No. 10's yarn.

A deposit of 10 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the purchaser shall pay the balance within two days from the day of sale and take delivery of the bales at once from the Mill Premises at Parel.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 13th March, 1901.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.
1 folding harmonium.

AT 1-30 P.M.
1 handsome strong victoria in very good order.
1 second-hand strong dog-cart.
1 strong-built mail coach in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 chestnut pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

OT-MORROW, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Ridge Road, Sassoon House, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved household furniture by Roberts and others, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, first rate pictures and engravings, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome China and Japanese flower vases and table ornaments, Hinks' and Ditmar's hanging and table lamps, one pair of handsome chestnut walers, 15 hands, a splendid match absolutely quiet in single and double harness and Saddle, one very showy chestnut waler spur Brand 15-2 hands, a splendid mover and a good trapper, one almost new C. spring rubber tyred victoria with double and single poles and spring cushions, etc., etc., the property of Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. BOYD, I.M.S.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Parel, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved French polished household furniture, best platedware, rich glass and crockery ware, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, Ditmar's hanging and table lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of J. JONES, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property is on view.

Under instructions Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst, at 3-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account of concerned, gold cups and saucers, silver fountain and bowle suitable for presents, large and small silver trays, silver cups and saucers, gold-mounted dagger and scabbard, gold-mounted sword and scabbard, silver biscuit boxes, flower pots, tea pot, sugar pot and milk jug, pieces of kinkhob, silk lungi, susie, fulkasi, malmals, kheses, carpets, &c.

The above will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 14th March, 1901.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY, the 18th March, 1901, at 11 a.m. the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle-dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1901 to 31st March 1902 and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Market, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Foras Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Market, Pedder Road Market, Mazagon and Fergusson Road Fish Market, Parel, from fresh and salt fish-sellers, &c., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either in line or outside, under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months, from 1st April 1901 to 31st March, 1902.

For particulars and conditions of these sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, or to the undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, March 15th 1901.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows —

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY.—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 30
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 15
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	8

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	,, 29	Half-yearly	,, 32
Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 18
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 6

These Up-Country Rates Include Postage.

SINGLE COPY ... As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies, according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS :—

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	,, 4-8
Third do.	,, 3-8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	As. 3 per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than 8 lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied, Nonpariel, or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants required, Houses or Lodgings, to the change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale or Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding lines	,, 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one Rupee and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES :—EACH—TWO RUPEES

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	As. 8 per line
Second do	,, 4½
Third do	,, 2½

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time, special contracts may be made.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
WEEKLY BUDGET.
Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	,, 6
Quarterly	,, 3

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

NOTICES.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND.

H. E. the GOVERNOR will be glad to meet the General Committee of the VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND at the Secretariat, on FRIDAY next, the 15th inst, at 5-30 P.M. All members are requested to attend.

JEHANGIR BOMANJEE PETIT,
For Self & Co.—Secretaries.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are invited towards the above Fund. Subscribers are requested to send in their amounts either direct to the BANK OF BOMBAY where an account has been opened, or to the Undersigned, at No. 21-27 Hornby Row, Fort. Receipts will be acknowledged.

JEHANGIR BOMANJI PETIT,
For Self & Co.—Secretaries.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

OPENING OF SHALIMAR STATION FOR GOODS TRAFFIC.

ON and from the 15th March, 1901, SHALIMAR, the B.-N. Railway goods station situated on the Howrah side of the Hooghly at Calcutta opposite the Kidderpore Docks, will be OPENED for booking of all description of goods traffic.

THROUGH BOOKING TO AND FROM CALCUTTA VIA SHALIMAR.

From the 15th March 1901 goods can be booked through via Shalimar to and from Calcutta Ghats under an arrangement with the Calcutta Steam Navigation and Company.

For further particulars apply to the Traffic Manager, B.-N. Railway, 13, Garden Reach Road, Calcutta, the District Traffic Superintendent, Khargpur, or to Messrs. Hoare, Miller and Company, Calcutta.

F. MARSH,
Acting Traffic Manager.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Issue of Rs. 20,00,000 6 % Preference Shares.

APPLICATIONS for the Shares are now being received and Registered at the Head Office, Branches, and Agencies. THE LIST of SHARES reserved for shareholders being closed, a limited number is now available to the general public.

TERMS OF ISSUE.

Rs. 20 on application, Rs. 30 on allotment, and Rs 50 on 31st March, 1901.

Interest will be paid at the rate of 6 per cent. on all payments from date of Deposit to 31st of March 1901, from which date the Preference Shares will rank for Dividend.

Application Forms may be obtained at the Head Office or any of the Branches or Agencies.

By Order of the Board.

REG. MURRAY,
Chief Manager.

Calcutta, 31st December, 1900.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

TRAIN ALTERATIONS COMMENCING 15th MARCH, 1901.

AS the WHOLE TRAIN SERVICES will be ALTERED and REVISED and NEW FAST PASSENGER TRAINS will be RUN on the MAIN LINE instead of the Mixed Train Services, the public are invited to study the B.N. Railway Time Table which will be issued before the 15th instant.

In this connection passengers are reminded that the train alterations commence to run to the altered timing on the 15th March from the starting point of the different Trains and the Branch Line Train will be ALTERED from the date the Main Line Trains alter thus:—

The Up Bombay & Madras Mails will leave Howrah on 15th Instant to the altered timing but both these and the down Trains from Bombay and Madras will not reach their destination to the altered timing until the 17th March. The same with the Passenger Train services.

The public are therefore invited to enquire of the Station Masters from the 15th to 17th March when the Trains will take up the new timings passing their Stations.

The following are the principal Train alterations:—

Up Madras Mail will leave Howrah at 7-10 and will be accelerated to reach Madras (Rayapuran) in 48 hours.

The Down Madras Mail will leave Rayapuran Station at 18-45 hours and be accelerated to reach Howrah in 47 hours, 35 mts.

The Up Bombay Mail will be altered to leave Howrah at 12-15 hours and be accelerated to reach Bombay in 45 hours.

The Down Bombay Mail will be altered to leave Victoria Station at 12 hours and be accelerated to reach Howrah in 44 3-4 hours.

The Up Kutni Mail will be altered to leave Bilaspur at 16.30 and be accelerated to reach Kutni in 11 hours 10 minutes.

The Down Kutni Bilaspur Mail will be altered to connect with the Up E. I. Bombay Mail and leave at 17-15 and be accelerated to reach Bilaspur in 10 hours and 45 minutes, to connect with Up B. N. R. Bombay Mail.

For other Train alterations and intermediate timings see public Time Tables exhibited at Stations.

A. E. P. GRAVES,
Traffic Manager.

CALCUTTA, 2nd March, 1901.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE SALE of an EPOCH MAKING AMERICAN NOVELTY that can easily be sold every where; the article is universally introduced throughout America and finds a ready sale also in Germany. Apply to "H. 6116," care of HAASENSTEIN and VOGLER, A. G., Frankfort on-the-Main, Germany. C" 4552."

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."
NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR
DUTIABLE WEIGHTS ! !

FLOR DE JAVAS,
Not to be confounded with so-called
JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the
ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.
FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

"TORPEDO SPECIALS,"
"PLANTERS,"
"GYMKHANAS,"
"KAISERS,"
"GOLCONDAS, BAHADURS,"
"U. S. REEDS,"
And all the present leading Indian Brands.

FOREIGN CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS,"
The Genuine Article. Very Choice.
REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.
Direct from Burmah.
Very finest obtainable.

NEUBERG'S "CONDITIONERS"
for the
MONSOON,
Keeps Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos in perfect condition.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—*A successful remedy, based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.*

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 14.

3 3-4 per cent. Consols	£ 96 9-16 =	plus 1-16
3 per cent. Rentes	£102 1-4 =	unch'gd.
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	£108 =	do
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities	£ 63 7-16 =	do
Bar Silver in London	28 1-4 =	plus 1-8
Do at New York	61 1-4 =	unchanged
Exchange on London at Paris	25·21 =	plus 1-2
Do in New York	4·87 3-8 =	unchanged.
Discount Bank of England	4 p. c. =	do.
" Short London Bills	3 1-2 p. c. =	do.
" Indian Bank Bills	3 1-2 p. c. =	do.

Copper Braziers—£80·10 = —10s.

S. S. Flintshire has arrived.

Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom 3,290,000.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India for Rs. 80,00,000—

Rs. 29·60 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 9·10 do. Bombay.
Rs. 3 do. Madras.
Rs. 41·70 at 1s. 3 29-32d.

Tenderers at the above rate received 100 per cent.

Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 40,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 20,000 do. Bombay.
Rs. 30,000 do. Madras.
Rs. 90,000 at 1s. 3 31-32d.

Tenderers at the above rate received 100 per cent. Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 80,00,000.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened quiet with three Banks quoting 1s. 3 15-16d. and 1s. 3 31-32d for wire and Demand respectively, and these rates have remained in force all day, though there has been very little enquiry for remittance. Some private demand was placed at 1s. 4d. but very little was offering. For 3 months, sight credits the rate was 1s. 4 3-16d. but a small amount was placed at 1s. 4 5-32d. We close quiet at the following rates:—

Bank Wire	1s. 3 15-16d.
" Demand	1s. 3 31-32d.
3 Months' Sight Credits	1s. 4 3-16d to 5-32d.
" " Francs	170 1-4
" " Marks	138 1-4
30 days' Japan	148
Do Hongkong	147 1-4
Do Shanghai	200 1-4

The Bank of Bengal Cash Balance was 37 lacs up

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market opened at 95s. 6d. for the settlement and during the day declined 1s. 16d. A fair amount of business was done.

SHARES.

The market is quiet with very little doing. Tapti Valley shares changed hands at Rs. 460 and Bombay Ice Company at Rs. 60.

FREIGHTS.

The market is quiet with a fair amount of tonnage offering, but few buyers. A small line for April shipment was put through at 14s. Further relets for March were done at 13s. and Liverpool early shipment was booked at Rs. 14.

WHEAT.—The market is quiet with nothing doing and rates are unchanged.

LINSEED.—Rather quieter, ready Rs. 8-4 to Rs. 8-4-6 April May Rs. 8-2

RAPESEED.—Steady with good demand. Brown Cawnpore Rs. 5-15. April-May delivery and Yellow Cawnpore, Rs. 6-7. Sellers are scarce.

POPPYSEED.—Firm with buyers at Rs. 7-12-6 for April-May delivery.

CASTORSEED.—Nothing doing.

GINGELYSEED.—The Market is steady with a good demand, but no change in rates.

COALS.—The market is strong, but no transactions are reported either in ready or forward.

SUGAR.—Holders both here and on the continent are eager sellers, and as the demand from the interior is very slack rates have further declined. Mauritius first sorts sold in the beginning of the week at 11-6 have been since placed at 11-2.

In forward delivery about 200 tons of granulated are reported to have been placed by one firm for March-April shipment at 12-4 1-2 since when sugar for this shipment is offered at fully 1d. to 1 11-2d lower without finding buyers.

Austrian large crystals Rs. 12 per cwt. noml.

Austrian and German crystals Rs. 11-10 to Rs. 1-12, Mauritius 1st sort Rs. 11-2.

LONDON, MAR. 13

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester was dull. Total sales 12,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000 bales. Imports 15,000 bales. Spot 4s. 15-16d. equal—1-32d. Arrivals closed steady unchanged.

In New York.—

Receipts at the Ports	18,000 bales,
Do. last year	20 000 "
Exports to Great Britain	20,000 "
Exports to Continent	5,000 "
Mid-Uplands	8 3-4 unchanged.
Futures month of June	8·37
Do. do. Sept	7.75

COTTON.

The market opened quiet this morning with rates for ready cotton practically unchanged. Broach good however advanced to Rs. 227 for the settlement and a little business was done at that rate among Marwaris. We close rather weaker at Rs. 225-5.

There was some inquiry this afternoon from shippers for stapled Cotton at full prices which was met by the dealers. Mills were also in the market for lower descriptions at current rates. About 1,500 bales changed hands. The following are the closing quotations:—

Broach good 25 March	Rs. 225
Do fine do	" 232
Bownugger good May	" 174
Do fully good do	" 185
Do fine do	" 204
Sawginned good do	" 213
Westerns good do	" 193
Bengals fully good ready	" 150 to 3
Do fine do	" 164 to 6
Oomras good staple fully good	" 187
Do do do fine	" 194
Khandish fully good	" 168

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on the 13th March:—

Cotton	7,240	bales.
Wheat	4,585	cwts.
Linseed	3,980	"
Rapeseed	2,040	"
Gingellyseed	7,350	"
Poppyseed	108	"
Groundnuts	892	"
Castorseed	861	"
Rice	7,532	"
Myrabollams	2,752	"

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON THURSDAY THE 14TH OF MARCH.

SUMMARY.

There has been a brisk fall of pressure in Sind, and at Jhansi and Bhuj, and slight changes elsewhere. The distribution is somewhat irregular, and the baric gradients are slight. Winds are very variable in direction, and the force has been fresh to light.

The maximum temperature is from 7° to 10° in excess of normal at Karachi, Vereval, Bombay, Ratnagiri, Goa, Mangalore and Surat, and 5° to 6° in defect at Saugor, Jubulpore and Akola. The minimum is from 7° to 8° in defect at Cawnpore, Allahabad and Jubulpore. The highest temperature in the shade was 103° at Surat and the lowest 49° at Lahore.

Humidity changes are irregular and unimportant, and the skies are partially cloudy at the southerly stations in the Madras Presidency.

There has been no rain at any of the reporting stations.

The weather is fine and settled in all districts.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin" Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning. When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. (The most effectual Cure for Gout and Rheumatism. A frequent cause of these is the inflammatory state of the blood, attended with bad digestion, lassitude and great debility, showing the want of a proper circulation of the fluid, and that impurity of the blood greatly aggravates these disorders. Holloway's Pills are of so purifying a nature that a few doses taken in time are an effectual preventive against gout and rheumatism, but anyone that has an attack of either should use Holloway's Ointment also, which must be thoroughly rubbed into the parts affected at least twice a day after they have been sufficiently fomented with warm water to open the pores,

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 9m. Sun Sets 6h. 10m. High water 5-16m., 7-18a. Low water, 0-29m., 0-29a.

Bombay Art Society's Conversazione, Sir Jamsetjee School of Art. 5 p. m.

Bombay Millowners' Association, ballot for an Improvement Trustee, 10 a. m. to 4 p.m.

Prize distribution Athletic Sports, Oval, by H. E. Lady Northcote.

H. E. the Governor meets General Committee of the Victoria Memorial Fund, Secretariat, 5-30 p.m.

Novelty Theatre: "Florodora" by the Bandmann Opera Company.

Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets, specially marked for transmission per French s. s. Sydney, will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 1 p. m. to-day. Letters &c., for Aden will also be despatched by this steamer.

THE FAR EASTERN ROUTE TO EUROPE.—A poetic genius, J. M. of London has done into rhyme the advantages of the Far Eastern Route to Europe, which Mr Tom McKay is now placing before the Bombay public. The poet's effusion is reproduced in another part of the paper, but as language frequently fails to explain the sublimest thoughts or to describe the grandest scenery so the poet seems to have failed to fully describe the attractions of travel to Europe via Hong Kong, Japan and America.

RUN OVER BY A GOODS TRAIN.—Yesterday morning a Marwari by name Bhaktiram was run over by a goods train at the G. I. P. Railway level crossing at Dadar. The Marwari arrived on Wednesday morning from Jubalpore and alighted at the Dadar station of the G. I. P. Railway. While going across the railway crossing he was knocked over by an up goods train. The wheels passed over both his legs and he sustained severe injuries. His left leg was entirely severed from his body. He was conveyed to the Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy Hospital, where he lies in a precarious condition.

TRESPASSING ON A BURIAL GROUND.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the case in which Mr. Abdul Karim Mahomedali Kajiji, of Messrs. Kurva and Kajiji, of Shaek Memon Street, charged Imam Shaik Manu and six other Borahs with trespassing on the private family burial ground opposite the Churney Road Station, was called on for hearing before Mr. P. H. Dastur. Mr. Kajiji, barrister-at-law, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Velinker, pleader, defended the accused. The case having been settled out of court, it was allowed to be withdrawn and the accused were acquitted.

DROWNED IN A QUARRY HOLE.—An inquiry was held yesterday, at Dadur, by Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner, on the body of Goonda Shiva, a Hindu boy, aged six years. The deceased who was purblind resided with his mother. On Tuesday evening the boy accompanied his mother to the bazaar and while the latter was making some purchases, he strayed away. The mother searched for the boy but failed to find him that night. The next day the search was continued and the body of the deceased, was discovered floating in a quarry hole, about twenty five paces away from the hut. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

UNTRUSTWORTHY SERVANT.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Barker charged Sadroo Mahomed, a Mahomedan, with stealing silver rings of the value of Rs. 4-2 and with criminal misappropriation in respect of Rs. 44 belonging to Budroo Khodabux. The evidence showed that accused was in the service of the complainant, who is a bidee-seller. About a month and a half ago complainant went to his native country leaving the management of the shop to accused and entrusting him with the money. Subsequently the latter absconded from Bombay, taking the money and ornaments with him. A few days ago, complainant returned to Bombay and reported the matter to the police, who arrested the accused at Dhulia. The magistrate convicted the accused on both the charges and sentenced him to an aggregate term of twelve weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

FATALITY AT A RAILWAY YARD.—Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at the G. I. P. Railway goods yard, at Wari Bunder, regarding the death of Luximan Raghoo, aged twenty-five years, who was on that day crushed between the buffers of two railway waggons. The evidence showed that on Wednesday some waggons, loaded with coal, were being shunted from the turn-table to the weigh bridge at the coal yard at Wari Bunder. The work was conducted under the supervision of a muccadum. Five waggons had already been shunted and the labourers started off the sixth one with the usual shout of alarm. As it touched the hindermost waggon, a cry of a man being killed was heard. On going to the spot the muccadam found the deceased lying on the ballast between the two waggons, evidently crushed by their buffers. Nobody saw the deceased before the accident occurred. He was a tindal and arrived in Bombay with his prow on the day previous and had no business to be at the goods yard. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

DEATH OF MRS. NANIGOURY M. L. MUNSIFF:—We regret to record the death of Mrs. Nanigoury Madanlal Lallubhai, Munsiff, which melancholy event took place at the residence of her brother-in-law Mr. Kalabhai Lallubhai J.P. High Court Pleader, on the Girgaum Back Road on Monday morning. The deceased was a native of Surat and belonged to the Valmik Kayosth caste. She was the second daughter of Mr. Dayabhai Jagjivandas Dowlatjada and was married to Mr. Madanlal Lallubhai Munsiff at a very young age. Unfortunately her education was not properly attended to during her girlhood but she did not despair and as soon as she understood the benefits of education and the views of her husband and husband's relations on this point she made fair progress not only in her mother tongue but in English with the help of Missionary ladies and other friends. She took part in the Hindu Ladies Club and similar other institutions so far as circumstances permitted. The lecture that was once delivered by her on Social and Political Reform under the auspices of the above club was favourably noticed by several of the native newspapers. The last public meeting which was attended by her was the one held in the Town Hall for taking steps to raise the Victoria Memorial Fund by the ladies of Bombay.

NAVAL MANOEUVRES IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

THE Bombay Defence Squadron had some interesting defence operations in the harbour on Wednesday evening. The vessels that took part in the movements were the Magdala, under the command of Capt. T. Y. Greet, the Assaye, commanded by Lieut-Commander E. C. Lamberts and the two torpedo boats, Nos. 104, and 106, commanded by Lieut-Commanders Petre and Rooke, respectively. The torpedo boats were the attacking force. They attempted to enter the eastern side of the harbour at about 9 o'clock, but were soon discovered by the flashing of the search lights from the turret ship Magdala. She had taken her position near north Karanja buoy and the Assaye had moored north of Middle Ground Island. The enemy being discovered the Magdala and Assaye at once opened fire on the attackers and forced them to retire.

A second attempt was made by the torpedo boat No. 104, but failed as in the first instance, though eventually the boat got through, close on time. The Middle Ground Fort was manned by the military, who took part in the defence. The firing was maintained by both sides for some time, the search lights used by the defenders enabling them to locate the attackers with ease.

The night was dark and the lights were thus worked to the best advantage. At 11 o'clock the Magdala fired a rocket which was the signal for the conclusion of the operations.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

THE opening ceremony of the Bombay Presidency Mahomedan Educational Conference will be performed at Surat on Monday, the 18th instant. His Excellency Lord Northcote and the Hon'ble Sir Charles Ollivant have become patrons of this Educational movement. Delegates are sent by the Gaikwar of Baroda. Nawabs of Palunpore and Cambay and Chiefs of Dharampore Bansda and other native States. The Hon'ble Mr. Giles, Director of Public Instruction, Mr. Waddington, Principal, Rajkumar College, Rajkote, Mr. Wright, Educational Inspector, and several other Europeans will attend. Almost all the heads of ancient Mahomedan and other families throughout the Presidency are expected to take part in this Educational movement.

"HAIR PRESERVED AND BEAUTIFIED" by using the only reliable preparation, ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, which restores the hair, promotes the growth, and strengthens the roots more effectually than anything else. For fair or grey hair use ROWLAND'S GOLDEN MACASSAR OIL, which does not stain or darken the hair or linen. Sold by Stores and Chemists.

PROF. A. V. JACKSON AT THE ANCIENT PARSI SETTLEMENTS OF SANJAN AND UDWADA.

AFTER a busy stay, of nearly two weeks in Bombay writes a correspondent, Prof. A. V. William Jackson, the distinguished American scholar of the Parsi religion, left last Wednesday for his tour in Northern and Eastern India. As he is interested in Sanskrit studies also, he intends visiting the famous centres of Hindu learning and religion, like Benares, Allahabad, Aboo, etc. But before proceeding there, he naturally wished to visit the most ancient Parsi settlements in Gujarat. In Bombay he saw the Parsis of to-day, but to learn their past in this country and as a help to realizing their former state here, he had to go to older places than Bombay, where the contact of the West has not yet penetrated much. He, accordingly, resolved on visiting these places and was fortunate in being accompanied by Mr. R. P. Karkaria, who has recently explored these places thoroughly during several prolonged visits. Prof. Jackson went to Sanjan, where Mr. Karkaria had recently made excavations on the sites of old ruins for relics of the past, as we informed our readers some time ago. Sanjan is the place where the first Parsis landed in India, 1,100 years ago, as fugitives from their land of birth and empire, Persia, on its falling into the hands of the Arabs. Sanjan is situated on the right bank of a creek six miles from the Arabian Sea; the modern village is very small, but the ancient city must have been very extensive, as ruins have been dug out by Mr. Karkaria several miles away in all directions, a—circumstance which confirms the tradition that it was a "nav-teri nagree" or a 'city nine miles by thirteen' in extent. The spot on the Bandar side, where the first Parsis must have landed eleven centuries ago—the most historical spot for the Parsis in India, which, however, they have neglected egregiously—was seen with great satisfaction by Professor Jackson, who was very glad indeed to have seen with his own eyes such a venerable landmark in the history of the people whose antiquities he has studied so well. He then sailed in the creek towards the sea to see the spot where the ships left the Arabian Sea to go inland to the city. Sanjan, it may be said, was a famous and wealthy commercial mart in Western India in early times, and is mentioned by several great Arab geographical authorities as Sindan. The old ruins were then visited, and the Parsi quarters of the ancient city were carefully examined. Some relics picked up are to be sent to Columbia, Professor Jackson's University in America. Mr. Karkaria had found in his early visit the ruins of a Parsi Tower of Silence, built of brick on a mound. He conjectured that the remains of a Sagree, the place for the fire, must be somewhere in the vicinity. On the present visit he was able, with Professor Jackson, to discover what most probably was the Sagree. About 300 paces to the east, opposite, as Mr. Jackson noted the 'orient' of the entrance, remains were dug up of a brick building and on close examination both these scholars agreed that it must have been the Sagree of the Tower of Silence opposite. Professor Jackson strongly advised his friend to return one day and explore it thoroughly by excavation. Some Hindu antiquities were also seen and pieces of sculpture, including fragments of idols, lings, etc., were discovered.

One of the other places visited by Professor Jackson in Gujarat after Sanjan was Udwada. Here is the most ancient fire of the Parsis in India, the identical sacred fire first brought by them to Sanjan from Persia. After various vicissitudes this fire found its home in Udwada, where it has been kept in fire-temples built successively on the same spot by wealthy Parsi families. The present building is a fine one, erected with a facade of columns like those found at Persepolis, the ancient capital of Iran. This most ancient holy fire-temple and the neighbouring Agiary, built by Sir Dinshaw Petit, were visited by Prof. Jackson in the company of Mr. Karkaria, at whose request the Parsi priests showed their distinguished visitors parts never before shown to Zoroastrians—in fact nearly everything except the "sanctum" where the holy fire has been kept constantly burning for these last thousand years and more in India. At his friend's request the priests of Udwada, who are considered very orthodox and very exclusive, performed the most sacred ceremony in the Parsi religion, the Homa and Nirang ceremony in an elaborate manner before Prof. Jackson, who followed it most attentively, taking down notes of everything. Some Parsi ceremonies were performed before him in Bombay; but owing to the bustle and hurry of that city, the learned Professor could not benefit much from them. Whilst here, in this quiet place, he could observe everything well and leisurely, and take notes with the zest added by the thought that he was studying the Parsi ceremonies at the very headquartrs of the Parsi priesthood in the shadow of the most ancient and venerable fire-temple in India. Professor Jackson fully appreciated the honour the Parsi priest paid him. The priests, on the other hand, were so s delighted with the great interest of their American visitor that they presented him with all the implements needed in the Homa and Nirang ceremony, the twigs of the sacred Homa plant which grows only in Persia whence it is periodically brought here, the orvaram, the barsom sticks, the ring with the hair of the 'varshia' etc. A priestly white cap and the "penam" with which priests cover the lower part of the face whilst praying before the fire, also formed part of the presents.

The "Barsingha" or walled enclosure where the priests undergo the sacred severe discipline of nine days and nine nights "Barsim," before they can perform thread ceremonies was also shown to Professor Jackson. Photographs of this place, with the priest, and other ceremonial accessories, like the sacred clogs the sticks of nine knots representing planets, etc., as well as other interesting objects were taken, which will prove highly important and interesting souvenirs of this historical visit. It may be said here that Prof. Jackson is the first gentleman from the West who has come here and been shown all the almost esoteric things of Parsiism by the priests here. Dr. Haug had intended to come here thirty-five years ago when he was Professor at Poona; but he never came. Dr. Wilson paid the place a visit, but owing to his notorious anti-Parsi views and strong proselytising tendencies the priests, avoided him and he had to return after looking at the outside of the houses. It is curious and a sign of the times that within two months two foreigners like Prof. Jackson and Miss Menant should have come here and been received kindly by these exclusive Parsi priests. For the latter lady came here during Christmas week, also with Mr. Karkaria, and was well received. But Prof. Jackson, being an accomplished Avesta scholar, was more enthusiastically received here, the priests being simply astonished when he recited portions of their Avesta and greeted them with their own benedictions. Both these distinguished visitors, the one an American and the other a Parsi, were enthusiastically received by the representatives of the Anjuman of the Parsi community here and their venerable Dastur, on the station and were garlanded in coming and leaving. Prof. Jackson, curiously enough, had opportunities of witnessing both a Parsi funeral and a Parsi wedding at Udwada on the same day, and he took advantage of this coincidence to observe both carefully and note the differences in the death and marriage ceremonies among the Parsis, here and in Bombay.

A HAPPY THOUGHT.

To Europe, from the East, should go, all those, who wish to be,
Au fait, with Modern Culture in the lands across the Sea,
And how to go, and when to change, and rest, and where to stay,
You bet your boots, you'll find at once, by asking Tom McKay.
Each ninth day from Hongkong Harbour, will some ship of Pacific Mail,
Or Occidental and Oriental, or Toyo Kisen Kaisha Sail,
Thence to Japan, Hawai and, arriving at San Francisco,
To journey cross America, on tracks quite smooth and fast not slow,
Central Pacific, Union Pacific, and North Western are the Roads,
To New York via which takes four days at the most,
Then any steamer lands you slick on English or French Coast.
By voyaging thus by ships an trains you'll have the change to view,
The Grandest Scenery on Earth in Old World or the New,
Avoid the Red Sea's fearful heat and Biscay's Boisterous Bay,
It costs the same, so take the best, and write to Tom McKay,

J. M.

LONDON, April 18th, 1900.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE, Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL, and Mr. JUSTICE WHITWORTH.)

DISPUTE REGARDING "WATERLOO" INK.

MAHOMEDALI HYDERALI CHINAI AND TWO OTHERS vs. ABDUL KADUR ALIBHOY BASTAVALA.

THEIR lordships delivered judgment in this case on an appeal from a decision given by Mr. Justice Crowe in favour of the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, Sayani, and Moos, appeared for the plaintiffs and respondents, while Mr. Lowndes and Mr. Robertson, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, and Wadia, appeared for the defendant and appellant, Abdul Kadur Alibhoy Bastavalla. The plaintiffs are manufacturers of inks and had brought this suit for the protection of what they claimed to be their exclusive right to certain labels and trade marks.

The Chief Justice in his judgment, said among other things that, for the appellant, it was urged that he was an innocent purchaser, and that as he had offered to submit to an injunction at the outset, no costs should have been awarded against him; but it was unnecessary to consider this point, as both in the Court below and before the Appeal Court, he had challenged the plaintiff's right. His point was that the labels or trade marks were so tainted in their conception and origin that it could not form the basis of any relief; and in any case, not of an injunction. Reviewing the whole of the evidence and the law, his lordship said the result was that, in his opinion, the marks of the plaintiffs were not such as to entitle them to the relief of an injunction. His lordship would, therefore, reverse the decree under appeal, and dismiss the suit with costs throughout.

Mr. Justice Russell, in giving his decision, said among other things: By the decree in this case, the sixth defendant (appellant) is restrained from selling or exposing for sale, or procuring to be sold, any ink or writing fluid other than that manufactured by the plaintiffs in bottles having the "Waterloo" ink labels referred to in the deed of dissolution, dated 13th December 1894, or any colourable imitation thereof. One has only to read the plaint to see that the "Waterloo" is the distinctive feature in their labels which the plaintiffs ask the court to protect Mr. Justice Crowe in his judgment (and here I agree with him) says "the distinctive mark of the plaintiffs' label is the use of the Waterloo as applied to the ink." The real question to be decided in the case, therefore, is: Is the plaintiff legally entitled to the protection of the Court in his use of the said distinctive feature or mark "Waterloo" as applied to ink? To decide this question, it is obviously necessary to show how this feature or mark was (a) originated; and (b) acquired by the plaintiff. How it originated is thus stated by the witness Hoshang:—"I started in 1886; I intended to use the labels"; and again, the plaintiff says—"I have manufactured ink sixteen years. I have partners. I first had the name Waterloo fourteen years ago. So I called my ink "Waterloo." Again, Waterloo and Sons have sold. I did not adopt my name for "Waterloo." As to the general get-up of the labels, invented by Hoshang, Stephens and Co. filed suit—No. 676 of 1889 against Hoshang—and the present defendant, to which the present plaintiff was not a party, as it appears, he was a paid partner. In that suit Messrs. Stephens and Co. got the decree. No reference to the mark "Waterloo" is made in that plaint, obviously because it did not affect Messrs. Stephens and Co. After the decree in that suit, the defendant firm therein changed their labels to the present one, which, on the dissolution in December 1894, was assigned to the plaintiff herein by a deed. In my opinion, the present labels, when compared with those complained of in that case, suit as closely to the kind as possible, whether Mr. Gilbert actually sanctioned them or not. As regards the use of the word "Waterloo," the Advocate General argued that it has become "publici juris." Is this so? There is an exact definition of this term to be found in Ford vs. Foster, L. R. 7 ch. Ap., 628, per Mellish, Q. J. In the present case, "Waterloo" has not become of public and universal use. In fact if we confirm the decree, we declare it not to be "publici juris," but "privati juris." It seems to me that the present case comes within the words of Mellish, L. J. in 7 chap-Ap. I would further refer to L. R. 9 Exq., 252, and Fuente's Trade Mark, 1891, 2 ch-166. The evidence of Mr. Oliver shows how very easily the term Waterloo may be mistaken for Waterlow. One of the plaintiff's own witnesses, Hasanali, referring to the specification form issued by the Railway Company, says—"From my point of view, Waterlow and Sons is a mistake for Waterloo." The plaintiff himself is known by the witness Abdul Kayum as "Waterloowallah." Insert a w in place of the second o., and he becomes "Waterlow-wallah." I therefore disagree with the conclusion arrived at by Crowe, J., that it is not necessary to refer to the fact that the name Waterloo has a strong resemblance to that of the English firm Waterlow, etc. As the Lord Chancellor said in the Leather Cloth Company's case—"there is a homely phrase long current in this court that a plaintiff must come into court with clean hands." I am of opinion that the plaintiff's hands are not clean; and his suit should fail, and the decree of the court below be reversed with costs.

Mr. Justice Whitworth said: In my opinion, the general resemblance of the labels in question to Messrs. Stephen's labels is of itself alone sufficient to debar it from protection. But I concur generally in the reasons and conclusions of the learned Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Russell, and would reverse the decree under appeal, and dismiss the suit with costs.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

TRUSTS ALLEGED TO BE VOID.

GORDHANDAS SOONDERDAS vs. BAI RAMKUVAR AND OTHERS.

THIS suit was brought by Mr. Gordhandas Soonderdas, of the firm of Messrs. Muljee Jaitha and Co., large mill-owners and merchants, against Bai Ramkuvar, widow of Dharamsi Soonderdas, Goculdas Naranjee, Khimjee Purshotum, Naraudas Kanjee, Purshotum Naranjee, Kursondas Dharamsi, and others. The plaintiff prayed that it should be declared that an indenture of the 17th October 1872 did not create any trust or vest any estate in the trustees named in it and that the properties thereby conveyed, remained the property of the grantor; and that it might be declared that the trusts attempted to be created by the indenture in favour of the sons of Soonderdas Mulji were void, &c. The Hon. Mr. Scott, Mr. Inverarity, Mr. Raikes, Mr. Lowndes, Mr. Vicaji, and Mr. H. B. Tyebji, instructed by Messrs Mansukhlal, Damodar, and Jamsetji, appeared for the plaintiff. Sir Griffith Evans, of Calcutta, Mr. D. D. Davar, Mr. Setalvad, Mr. Bhandarkar, and Mr. Wadia, instructed by Messrs Smetham, Bland and Noble, and Messrs Edgelow Gulabchand and Wadia, appeared for the defendants.

The case for the plaintiff was that in 1824, one Mulji Jetha began to trade in Bombay under the name of Mulji Jetha, and Co., and admitted to the firm his son, Soonderdas Mulji, on the latter attaining his majority. The firm had been very successful in business, and had acquired great wealth, including immoveable properties, Government promissory notes, and other securities. Other persons were from time to time admitted into the business as partners, but Mulji Jaitha and Soonderdas Mulji did not, after such other partners had been admitted, keep separate accounts. Soonderdas Mulji had no separate books or property of his own, but some of the shares and other property purchased by Mulji Jaitha were purchased in the name of Soonderdas Mulji, and in respect of them an account was opened in the books of Mulji Jaitha and Co., in the name of Soonderdas Mulji, in which purchase money was debited without any entry to show how it had been obtained. By an indenture of the 17th October 1872, made between Mulji Jaitha and Soonderdas Mulji, Vullubdas Valji, Visram Mowji, all since deceased, and Purshotam Narronji, therin called the trustees it was stated that Mulji Jaitha and Soonderdas were desirous of effecting a settlement of their properties and decided to the convey to the trustees the three equal fourth shares in a house and land, certain other land, and fifty shares in the New Piece Goods Bazaar Co. Limited. The indenture was duly executed by all parties with the exception of the Soonderdas Mulji as one of the trusties. At the date of the indenture Soonderdas Mulji had only one son, but in December 1874, a second son, the Plaintiff was born. After the date of the indenture a new account was opened in the books of the firm of Mulji Jaitha & Co, under the heading "Dharamsi Soonderdas Trust Account" in which certain of the properties to be conveyed were credited and debited, such entries being made under the direction of Mulji Jaitha and Soonderdas Mulji, and not by the trustees. The plaintiff said the though indenture was duly registered, no affect had been given to it nor had possession been given up to the trustees of the property mentioned in it. From the way in which Mulji Jaitha and Soonderdas Mulji had dealt with the property, the plaintiff submitted that it was not their intention that the indenture should take place immediately on its execution, and as they had since failed to give effect to it, that the document had no effect in law. Soonderdas Mulji died on the 13th January 1875, having made his last will in the previous December, by which he assigned away certain property. The plaintiff was doubtful whether, when Soonderdas died he had any separate property, and that the lands and premises mentioned in the will did not form part of the deceased's estate. He was advised that such property had belonged to Mulji Jaitha. Probate of the will was obtained in 1875 by Vullabhdas Vulji and Goculdas Narronji, the duty on the same being assessed at Rs. 3,00 000. After the death of Soonderdas Mulji, Mulji Jaitha remained in sole possession of the property, but when Dhuramsi Soonderdas attained his majority, he was given the management of the firm of Mulji Jaitha and Co., and of the property. Mulji Jaitha died on the 14th August 1889, leaving two sons. Plaintiff submitted it was the intention of Mulji Jaitha when he died that all the sons of Soonderdas Mulji should benefit equally under the indenture. No probate of the Mulji Jaitha's will had been obtained by the plaintiff who was about to apply for letters of administration. After Mulji Jaitha's death, Dharamsi Soonderdas had managed the estate, but on the plaintiff attaining his majority, he was admitted to share in the management. He said that no moneys had been spent out of the income of the properties mentioned in the indenture, but out of such income other shares had been purchased and Rs. 2,57,967 expended on the house in which the family lived. Dharamsi Soonderdas died in February 1899, and in his will for the first time, claimed that the properties mentioned in the indenture belonged to him. He had bequeathed such properties to his son Kersundas Dharamsi, one of the defendants. The first four defendants had applied for probate of the will and seeing that Karsandas Dharamsi was a minor the plaintiff had been obliged to file the suit to guard his and the minors interests. He accordingly claimed for the relief stated above, and that, if necessary, portions of the estate be administered under the direction of the court, and that the costs of the suit be provided for.

The defendants, with the exception of Purshotum Narranji, stated they were not in a position to admit or deny that Sounderdas Mulji had no separate property of his own. They, however, stated that he had executed the indenture both on his capacities of grantor and trustee. They also denied that the entries in the account books, relating to the property, had been made at the instance of Moolji Jaitha and Soonderdas Mulji. After the execution of the indenture, one of the trustees undertook the management of the trust properties, and whatever entries had been made in the accounts had been made with such trustees' consent. The defendants further submitted that according to Hindoo law, Dharamsi Soonderdas had become solely entitled to the trust properties, and also of the lands willed to him by Soonderdas Mulji. They also denied that after the death of Soonderdas Mulji Jaitha had remained in possession of the estate, alleging that the trustees made over the same to Dharamsi Soonderdas on the latter attaining his majority. They did not admit that Dhurumsi had joined with the plaintiff in the management, but said after Mulji Jaitha's death, Dhurumsi managed the whole of the trust property down to the time of his own death. The plaintiff had only joined in the management as a partner in the firm. Regarding the purchase of shares and the amounts expended on the family houses for the defendants it was said that the amounts had been debited, to Moolji Jaitha's account, with the latter's consent. Under the circumstances it was submitted that the plaintiff was not entitled to the relief he claimed.

The defendant Purshotum Narranji, placed himself in the hands of the court and was prepared to submit to any decree his lordship might make in the suit.

Sir Griffith Evans having raised issue for the defendants the case for the plaintiff was proceeded with.

PRESENTATION TO A MILL MANAGER.

THE operatives of the Currimbhoy, the Ebrahimbhoy Pabanee, and the Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy Mills met last evening in large numbers to witness the presentation made on their behalf, to Mr. Meherallì M. Fakira, the general manager of the three mills, who goes on leave to Europe for the benefit of his health by the Italian mail steamer to-day. Besides the mill operatives and the European and native officers of the mills, a number of European ladies and European and native gentlemen were also present. Mr. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, of the firm of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co., the agents of the mills, presided and briefly explained the object of the meeting, eulogising the good feeling and spirit of union with which the operatives had been working in the interest of the mills.

Two addresses were presented to Mr. Meheralli at the meeting—one from the members of the staff of the mills, and another from the operatives of the mills, together with a silver casket containing diamonds. The first address stated that Mr. Meheralli's constant presence in Bombay was to be attributed to his keen sense of duty in the execution of the onerous and multifarious work that devolved upon him. His example was held out as one more instance of the fact that the holding of offices of trust is not a bed of roses; that high position calls for corresponding hard work which has to be performed even at the sacrifice of health. Only a few persons act up to this ideal; and among those honoured few, Mr. Meheralli could be placed to a certainty. The address expressed admiration at the great tact and assiduity displayed by him in the management of the three mills, and a heart-felt appreciation of the kindness and uniform courtesy shewn by him towards thousands of men, who considered it to be a privilege to work under him. The second address from the mill operatives expressed heart-felt gratitude for Mr. Meheralli's uniformly good treatment of all the hands in the mills during his connection with them for over seven years. He had during that time, it was remarked, made many improvements in the mills, which had resulted in great advantage to the mill companies. His high capacity and superior knowledge as the manager of the mills had afforded ample proof of how a man could rise in position by singleness and honesty of purpose and hard work. Mr. Meheralli's courteous treatment of his subordinates had greatly won for him their good will and high esteem.

Mr. Meheralli made an appropriate reply to the addresses, tendering his thanks to those who had subscribed to them and to the valuable present made to him on their behalf. Mr Meheralli said that no head of any department would ever succeed unless he was ably supported by his subordinates and he must say that his success was solely due to the able support of his worthy agents, co-operation of his colleagues and implicit obedience of his subordinates. Messrs Currimbhoy Ebrahim have not only been his masters but his guardians and he owed his present proud position solely to them and even his present trip to Europe, for the improvement of his health had been arranged by them.

The party then adjourned to the refreshment tables laid in another part of the premises, at which the toast of the health of the manager was enthusiastically drunk. An evening entertainment was also provided for those present, Mr. Meheralli was garlanded; and the distribution of flowers closed the proceedings.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND.

THE following are the contributions received towards the above fund:—

H E The Governor	5,000
Sir Dinshaw M Petit Baronet	5,000
Mr Jamsetji N Tata	3,000
The Hon' Sir L Jenkins Kt Chief Justice	1,000
Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy Baronet	1,000
Messrs Bennett Coleman & Co	1,000
The Hon Mr Bomanji D Petit	1,000
Mr Sassoon J David	1,000
The Hon Mr P M Mehta C I E	750
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Mr S Rebsch	500
Messrs Jehangir Dhunjibhoy and Pherozesha Bomanji Petit	500
The Hon Mr Basil Scott	500
The Hon Sir Ch Ollivant Kt	500
The Hon Mr Justice N G Chandavaker.	300
The Hon Mr Justice W H Crowe	250
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Messrs Tribhovandas Varjivandas & Sons	200
Khan Bahadur Mahomed Hussein Hakim	150
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Mr Claude H Hill	100
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Dr Sorab K Nariman M D	51
Mr Narayan V Mandlik	51
Mr W H Sharp	50
Mr Jehangir Dossabhai Framjee	50
Mr Shums-ul-ulma Ervad Jivanjee Jamsetjee Mody	30
Maneckjee Dorabjee Kanga BA LLB.	25
Total Rs.	21,707

BOMBAY RACES.

HANDICAP.

9th EXTRA MEETING, SATURDAY, 16th MARCH.

Pony Hurdles—1 Mile.

Deborah 10 10, Venus 10 7, Sardus 10 4, Good Boy 9 11 Helios 9 6, and Marion 9 4.

The Bandora Plate—6 furlongs.

Oriental 9 4, Sweet Vernal 9 0, Achilles 8 9, Dispute 8 8, Bonaparte 8 6, Arbid 8 4, Shacbooo 8 2, British Flag 8 1, Chancellor 8 0, Gray Fox 7 12, Farewell 7 11, Boostan 7 11 Lord Roberts 7 9, Royal Prince 7 8, Leader 7 6, Nevermind 7 5, and Waher Mahomed 7 0.

The Palli Hill Plate—5 furlongs.

Amarosa 9 7, Banas 9 1, Bicler 9 0, Nantisur 8 6, Nada 8 5, Ocean 8 5, Cadet 8 0, Fancy 7 12, and Bergl 7 0.

Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 4 6,

Welter Handicap—7 furlongs.

Beadsman 11 4, Seamist 11 0, Roy 10 9, Ayrdale 10 8, Orion 10 7, Pitheradze 9 3, Planet 9 2, Coin 8 11, Tourist 8 8, Amendment 8 6, and Victoria 8 0.

Two top Weights not accepting weights to be raised 5th

The Chotaj Plate—5 furlongs

Oriental 9 1, Chester 9 3, Conqueror 8 11, Greyleg 8 7, Shaiboob 8 3, Gray Fox 7 13, Muskery 7 10, Advocate 7 7 Feezoes 7-6 Nevermind 7 6, Phalwan 11 7 3, Nubia 7 2 Zur Jamal 7 0 and Shap Jehan 6 10.

Two top weights not accepting weights to be raised 7 lbs.

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DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.
LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.

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TWENTY-SIXTH EDITION.
MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1901.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.
PRICE: Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1901 contains much new and valuable information brought up to date, and details the progress made in the City during recent years.

THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

In addition to recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the progress of the plague and the measures taken to combat it and also of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the public buildings of the City including those which have been completed during the year.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICES,
No. 18, ESPLANADE ROAD,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Loch Tay, 3,416 tons, Captain Jas Stephen, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Rangoon 4th March, with a cargo of rice.

THE B I S N Co's s s India, 2590 tons, Captain H B L Plomner, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo.

THE s s Lowenburg, 3,635 tons, Captain H Freriche, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Rangoon 4th March, brought a cargo of rice.

THE B I S N Co's s s Itola, 3,361 tons, Captain J A Magenis arrived in harbour yesterday, from Rangoon, 24th February, via coast ports, with a general cargo and 10 deck passengers.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's s s Sobraon, 4411 tons, Captain L M Wibner, sailed yesterday for Shanghai via Colombo and intermediate ports, with his Majesty's China and Australian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Colombo—Lieut R J Bell, Captain Bishop, Major W H Bowes, Mr S N Fachiri, Mr R Ponsomby, Miss Flynn, Mrs F Jollie and Mr J Jones. For Hongkong—Captain R Mc Candish, Mr R A Harvey, Capt and Mrs J M Usborne, Mr and Mrs G F Kellner, Rev S M Haslope, Mr A A Cunningham, Mr Abram, Mr Moosa and Master Allarakhia. For Shanghai—Mr A H Poster. For Fremantle—Mr W A Benson. For Sydney—Col H R D Thomas, Mr D Miller, Miss A S Aitkin, Mrs W G Goode, and Mr Hilback. For Singapore—Mr C Meikle and Miss Meikle.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES MARCH 13.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here (Calcutta boats) this afternoon.

SUEZ, MARCH 13.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Stuart arrived here from Colombo Madras and Calcutta this morning.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ferguson, arrived here this morning.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Maravia from Japan, left Singapore for Bombay, on the afternoon of the 14th instant,

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.
Surats quiet.
Good Bhownuggur 4.
The Manchester market has been dull.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	96 9-16
3 per cent. Rentes	102 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	63 7-16
Bar Silver	28 1-4

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MARCH 14.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
B	Mikado	2306	Ward	Hull	22-3	F M & Co
C	Steinsberger	2310	Danker	Hamburg	16-3	Glade & Co
F	W Bridge	2208	Pallister	Rangoon	15-3	W&A G& Co
H&J	Vadala	3334	Boon	Zanzibar	16-3	M M & Co
K	Longships	2843	Moore	Dunkirk	27-3	W& A G & Co
M	Monsoori	1735	Bennett	Repairing		B & P S NCo
O	Kronberg	2208	Schultz	Liverpool	26-3	Volkart Bros

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Courland	993	Miller	G Port	14-3	Shepd & Co
Bahaduri	823	Brewis	M Goa	15-3	do
Kaveri	553	Ahamed	Bhownagar	16-3	do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
2	Hispania	3380	Hamilton	L'pool	16-3	W&A G & Co
3	D Balduino	3044	Gavino	Genoa	15-3	C Boggiano
4	Bormida	1500	Sartoria	Hongkong	17-3	C Boggiano
5	Daghestan	2212	Littlebale	Antwerp	16-3	M M & Co
6	Trocas	2659	Sharpley	Genoa	16-3	Glade & Co
8	Coromandel	2783	Vibert	China	26-3	P & O Co
10	Drachenfels	4540	Linteg	Hamburg	20-3	Glade & Co
14	Dumra	762	Russell	Karachi	16-3	M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Amra	170	Pigott	Karachi	19-3	M M & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Safari	892	Ahrens	Zanzibar	18-3	A Strandes

* Probable date of departure.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
14	Itola s	Magenis	Rangoon, Feb 24
	Loch Tay s	Stephen	Rangoon, Mar 4

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
14	Kerbela s	McClelland	Calcutta, &c
	Kilwa s	Whitehead	Persian Gulf
	Foreric s	White	Calcutta
	India s	Plommer	Calcutta, &c
	Sobraon s	Wibmer	Shanghai

The steamer Itola, entered for loading yesterday for Calcutta, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Kranborg s—200 bales cotton Glazebrook, Tejpal and Co: 1500 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.
Hispania s—40 bales wool, P A Dossal; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 100 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 55 bales wool, R M Kooka; 11 cwt old copper, R Keroba; 55 bales cotton, Finlay Muir and Co; 32 bales wool, Bhowan Hurbham; 24 bales wool, Jina Valley.

FOR HAVRE.

Kranborg s—400 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 4092 cwt, rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 4002 cwt musterseed, A Biascheck and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Steinberger s—1000 cwt gingelleyseed, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Steinberger s—235 cwts gum, bale woollen carpets, B Nazor and Co; 3000 cwt myrabollams Ralli Brothers.
Drachenfels s—1999 1-2 cwt linseed, Finlay Muir and Co; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 2000 cwt crusted bones, R Kaderbhoy; 55 bales cottonfly, Megjee Mooljee and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Drachenfeles s—2000 cwt castorseed, Nanseekhairaz and Co; 825 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers,

FOR DUNKIRK.

Longships s—1001 cwt linseed, David Sassoon and Co; 50 cwt gum, Volkart Brothers; 1035 cwt myraboll ams Wagjee Bechar; 100 gum, Jetha Premjee.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hispania s—499 cwt teelseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Trocas s—450 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida s—52 cwt sharkfins, R Dhunjee and Co; 23 cwt variale seed, A C E Motiwalla; 5 cwt sharkfins, Sanjee bhoy Meanee and Co; 47 cwt olibanum, 1 3-4 cwt raisin yarn, Shun and Co; 65 cwt jardaloo, Thow Ving and Co; 30 cwt sharkfins, P F Talati; 30 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sobraon s—5 chests opium, R S N Talati and Co; 19 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co,

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 15th March.

1. There will be a Commanding Officers Parade on Saturday afternoon next on the Maidan in front of the Gymkhana at 5 p.m. when Company Drill will be practiced.

In view of the approaching Inspection the Commandant hopes that as many Members as possibly can will attend this parade.

Dress—Drill order, Helmet ornaments to be worn. Putties will not be worn.

2. There will be Company Drill for F Company in the Grant Medical College ground at 5 p.m. to-day (Friday) the 15th instant.

3. There will be Company Drill for C Company to-day (Friday) the 15th inst. at 8-30 p.m. at the Sir Richard Temple's Statue. Dress—Plain Clothes.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

NOTICE.

Copies of the Programme of Athletic Events, open to Members of the Corps, to be held in connection with the Cycling Club Sports on 18th, 19th and 20th instants, are with the Officers Commanding Companies, and may be seen at Head-quarters. The Events include Seven Foot Races, open only to Members of the Corps, Entries close at 12 noon on Saturday the 16th instant

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT.-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 15th March.

1. The inter-corps competition for Volunteer Artillery takes place to-morrow. The Corps will parade at Corps Club at 4 p.m. sharp and proceed to Colaba North Fort. Dress:—Drill order; putties to be worn.

2. The Guns at both Head-quarters will be available for drill at usual drill hours this evening. With a view to the inter-corps competition coming on it is hoped that every opportunity will be taken to drill.

3. Sergt Major Chart will cash unused Camp allowances tickets up to 19th March inclusive if presented at his office Victoria Terminus.

By Order
G. STODDART, Capt. R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The Cinderella announced for to-morrow is cancelled.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Friday, March 15,

8-30 p.m.—Service of Penitence (Hymn 466) and Address by the Rev Father Nicholson, S. S. J. E.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

AT SEA.

DEATH.

KEEF—February 15, on P & O s s Malta, between Colombo and Aden, invalided home, Major George A Keef, Roya Scots Fusiliers, of remittent fever and dysentry, aged 42.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

JOHNSON—POTTINGER—March 7, at St Thomas's Church, Saharanpur, by the Rev C B Westerbout, Captain Arthur Cyril Beaumont Johnson, 1st Gurkha Rifles, D A A G for Musketry, Meerut Circle, son of General Sir C C Johnson, G C B, to Roberta Joanna, daughter of Inspector-General Pottinger, R N, (Retired List).

DEATHS.

O'NEILL—March 6, at the Station Hospital, Calcutta, Sub-Conductor Michael O'Neill, Commissariat Transport Department, aged 43 years.

REID—March 11, at 63, Ripon Street, Calcutta, Elise Walker, beloved wife of R L Reid, and daughter of the late Caleb Walker, Esq, of Liverpool, England.

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Stimulating.

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EQUATORIAL
HAIR
DOUCHE

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KEMP AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1901.

AUSTRALIA AT THE FRONT.

MR. FRANK WILKINSON, who accompanied the Australian forces to South Africa, in the capacity of war correspondent, has cut much of the ground from under the feet of Mr. Hales, who has so far had the monopoly of speaking for the southern colonies. Mr. Wilkinson finds that the general public not only wants to know what Australia has done for the empire in the war, but is anxious to give her a full measure of credit for it. He therefore tells us, in a volume, published by Long (Chandos-St. Strand), with the above title. Mr. Wilkinson does not attempt to cover the whole of the ground traversed by the Australians. That would be an almost impossible task as, through force of circumstances, the Australian troops,—even those hailing from the same colony—were split up into more or less minute fragments and operated, during the major portion of the campaign, with columns hundreds of miles apart, making it impracticable for any one man to keep in touch with more than one section at a time. Mr. Wilkinson, therefore, wisely confines his attention to what he saw. The consequence is that his volume is one of the most vivid and realistic stories of the operations which has yet been published. He tells us what Australia did and more than that—what everyone else did who came under his observation. He tells his story plainly and graphically, with no display of fine writing and without any attempt to indulge in scientific criticism of strategy or tactics. His volume is essentially for the general public, to whom very few of the volumes yet published appeal. He describes the men who composed the Australian contingents and compares them with the regulars alongside whom they fought. The New South Wales Lancer, he tells us, is to his comrade in the Mounted Infantry what the Household cavalryman is to the Boer. None of the Australian Mounted Infantry were ever ambuscaded. In Australia the Lancer is looked upon with pride and admiration, but the Mounted Infantryman inspires confidence. They farm and fight with equal facility, and do both with more thoroughness than their South African prototypes. They have their living and their head-quarters in the country districts. The Lancer generally hugs the towns. Both regiments belong to the partially-paid section of the Defence Force. The Lancer, because he usually lives in town, cannot afford to keep a horse all the year round, so he hires one from the livery stables. The Mounted Rifleman usually has several about his farm and keeps one for his military work. He will ride fifteen or twenty miles to the nearest rendezvous for a half-day's parade, and stop behind to do a deal in horses or a bit of business in maize. He is as good a rough rider as you will find in the country, shoots remarkably well, is generally a man of some susbtance, possibly lives on his own holding, employs labour, owns a banking account, a large family, and pays a stiffer income-tax than his commanding officer. These are the men who volunteered for service for us—fine types of the irregular, with the irregular's contempt for the drawing-room soldier—men whom Mr. Wilkinson describes as well-educated Boers, but more amenable to discipline than the Transvaal or Free State variety.

Very little practical work was given to the Australians at first. But it was soon realised that these men, impatient to "see the fun" and take part in it, were of the right material, and more were asked for. The Colonies rose to the invitation and not only were fighting men in abundance found, but the public demonstrated their loyalty in the most unmistakeable manner. They subscribed and sent out every man covered by a life assurance policy two hundred pounds, and the Mutual Life Assurance Company of Australasia offered to accept the risk at five per cent. and to refund all premiums over and above the total amount paid at the end of the campaign. The major portion of the second detachment had never passed through any regular course of training as mounted infantry, but they were picked riders and good shots—not the variety which puts up "possibles" on the rifle range; in all probability not half of them were members of rifle clubs or knew the use of the oil-pot and the blow-pipe. Among them were police constables and mechanics, farmers and ordinary station hands, country newspaper reporters and compositors—a heterogenous collection, half citizen, half soldier—no polish to speak of, but lots of grit and resource. They were, as Mr. Wilkinson says, more of an experiment than the original consignment, which was drawn largely from the partially paid ranks. But they proved sound, serviceable men, who did what was wanted of them, sometimes more than they were asked. The third detachment, composed of Bushmen, followed quickly, and no branch of the service did better work than the contingents sent out by Australia, wherever or whenever they were called into action. During the whole campaign they gave no trouble and only on one occasion did they show the slightest impatience of strict military discipline. This was when outside Heidelberg. They had been under the impression that the taking of Pretoria meant the conclusion of the War and that they would soon be able to get home again. Suddenly they found that this was a mistake. They were ordered to other duty and informed that they must leave behind all their Cape carts with the exception of one per regiment. The carts by this time had become an essential feature of transport. Admittedly they had become too numerous, but the men had been cut off from their friends for months and had been unable even to correspond with them, and were feeling very sorely tried when the new order came. "Oh, how we grumbled that night," writes Mr. Wilkinson, "We were rankly insubordinate and rebellious." They made a huge bonfire of the carts. "You might have seen the blaze for miles round. The regiment took a grim pleasure in keeping the flames well fed. Cart after cart was wheeled up and shoved in without a word. It looked like wanton destruction; but something had to go that night. Better that than open mutiny. So when the last vehicle had been consigned to its doom the whole regiment marched round in single file, officers leading, chanting a solemn dirge to a low, funeral step."

Being a war correspondent, Mr. Wilkinson has much to say of his colleagues, of his work, and naturally, too, of the Press Censor. Somebody, he says, ought to suggest to the War Office the advisability of appointing a "Soldiers' Letter Censor." Tommy gets too much of a start in the race home with news from the front. His letters were well on their way to Cape Town, while even professional correspondents were chasing round the country for the Press Censor. Without any rules or regulations he got ahead of the correspondent every time and, added Mr. Wilkinson, with a little ingenuity he could generally manage to make their letters read as the merest of unimaginative drivel. Illustrations of what the author means are given in the book. One of Tommy's letters reads:—"Since leaving Cape Town we have had thirty days and nights in the train, then 180 miles by road as escort and then another hundred to this place. The bullets were buzzing round our heads like bees, but we don't take any notice of them now. The fellow alongside me got two bullets through his helmet, and four through his body. Then another hit him in the forehead and he began to sing "A little bit off the top." A letter from one of the colonial sergeants said—"It is not the Boers we have to fight so much as the country. We have to sleep in trenches at night with one eye on the enemy and the other on the lions and tigers which are very prevalent here. We are having some excellent sport, but I don't know whether I shall be able to bring any skins home owing to the trouble of carrying them about." Mr. Wilkinson recounts several of the best stories; but, as he is forced to admit elsewhere, these yarns are not much less accurate than the pictures published in Fleet-Street. In these we see the men grouped together most picturesquely with shells bursting around them and a series of little puffs of smoke in the distance to show where the enemy was firing from. In "the real thing" your men are scattered at 100 yard intervals, you have no smoke, nothing to show where the other side is shooting from and your own men are so near the tone of the veldt that the figures are barely distinguisheable from it. Of what "the real thing" is Mr. Wilkinson's description is undoubtedly the best yet published, though it only claims to be an Australian account of the Australian contingents.

VIVE LA FRANCE. THE feature of the banquet, given by the Associated Chambers of Commerce, on Wednesday, according to Reuter, was the cordiality displayed in drinking the toast of the French Chambers. Cries of "Vive la France" rang out and they were undoubtedly fully sincere. Whenever French and English meet they are friends, and after dinner they are prone to weep upon one another's necks at the persistent attempts of the canaille press to tear them asunder. Good feeling between better-class Frenchmen and better-class Englishmen is bound to increase, for the English are becoming more French every day—in manners, in tastes and in habits. While French journalists of the baser sort are doing their worst to make mischief between the two nations, observes Mr. G. H. Ely, in "Macmillan," it is pleasant to note how persistently French men of letters are directing their countrymen's attention to English literature. Mr. Ely is right and had that been his object he might have gone further and have shown how the stolidity of the Englishman is disappearing and how, but for that narrow strip of water which separates us, French and English would exchange houses from Saturday to Monday. When the Channel Tunnel shall have been constructed that will follow. It may not be just yet. Meantime the silver streak puts just sufficient distance between the two countries to enable jaded members of the Chambers of Commerce to forget the worries of business and so long as it will provide distraction, the gay capital furnish amusement and the Brittany Coast offer them the attractions of cheap watering places, they will continue to cry "Vive la France." All that which passes for ill-feeling between us is but the jealousy attractive sisters entertain for each other. They frown at each other now and then and say peevish things, but they love one another all the same.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY CITY. THE latest returns with regard to the health of Bombay indicate a slight improvement. The death-rate has gone down a few points, but as it is now 155 per cent. there is room for a much greater decrease. This may be expected to take place from now owing to the advent of hot weather, and already it is noticeable that the number of plague cases are gradually lessening. Byculla is the most unhealthy locality in the City, the death-rate being over 258 per cent, and it now easily takes first place in the plague area. There were 100 deaths in this district, and except in Parel, where there was a large increase, the disease is practically unchanged. Fever is very malignant, 300 persons falling victims during the seven days. There are a few sporadic cases of small-pox, 10 of which were fatal, but it does not seem likely that this dreadful disease will prevail in epidemic form again this year. The returns indicate a general increase of plague in the mofussil, the area of infection having widened. Ahmedabad, which has been remarkably free in past years, returns nine cases and five deaths. Bassein and Kharbas in Thana district were re-infected, and the cases and deaths went up from 132 and 124 to 228 and 198. Nasik district, after being free for one week, returns eight cases, all of which were fatal. Seven villages in Belgaum district reported re-infection, and the returns indicate an increase of about 80 per cent. In Dharwar the deaths were 62 against 29, and in the Southern Mahratta Country the decimation of the population of Miraj town continues with undiminished virulence.

THE KHOTI AMENDMENT ACT. THE Bombay Legislative Council received another reminder of the urgent need for new legislation affecting land tenure in Ratnagiri. Two years ago, a Bill was introduced by the late Hon. Mr. Nugent dealing with the disputes which now chronically occur between Khots and tenants, the former having the right to appraise the crop according to their own ideas of value, which it is almost needless to mention are totally at variance with the views of the ryot. A number of tenants in the Taluka Khed have petitioned Government to proceed with the proposed legislation, abolishing the appraisement system and making provision for fixing in cash the amount to be paid by the tenants to their Khots. The petition sets forth that the appraisement system has totally ruined the petitioners, whose hereditary rights to the lands have been recognised by the officers of Government. The allegation is that the Khots appraise the value of the crops arbitrarily and appropriate the greater portion themselves, and although the ryots toil and effect improvement at their own cost, the Khots leave them hardly sufficient for the maintenance of their families. They urge that the Khots, being moneyed, and apparently abnormally influential men, cause articles to be inserted in the newspapers in defence of the appraisement system, and the petitioners pray that the proposed legislation may confer upon them the power to sell or mortgage their lands, and abolish the distinction between Khoti khasgat and Khoti nisbat lands.

BENGAL IRON AND STEEL COMPANY. It is very satisfactory to hold shares in a company which can pay 10 per cent. and put £15,000 to the reserve fund as the result of a year's trading, and this is the record of the Bengal Iron and Steel Company. The future also is most hopeful and there is every sign of the development of their exportations of pig iron. During the year the works were fully employed and the production of pig iron, the manufacture of castings and raising of coal all show improvement, the outturn of which was more in each case than in the previous year. The market for coal has been good everywhere, and is now, but the Company could not take full advantage of the position by reason of the gradual contraction of working area and the flooding of a large portion of their colliery through unprecedented rain in September, and also to the presence of water through old workings. The coal produced amounted to 49,517 tons, and as they only sold 9,202 tons they have a good stock on hand. The great wants are proper railway facilities, a wagon supply, and if this is not improved the managers think there will be trouble. The plant has been increased and brought up to date, so that the output is capable of great expansion, with practically no additional expenditure. Throughout the year there was continual development, and the trading has done much to consolidate and improve the Company's position.

ALL Government offices will be closed from the 3rd to 9th April on account of the Easter holidays.

THE Bombay Government will assemble at Mahableshwar on March 25th.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY NORTHCOTE paid a visit to the Maratha Plague Hospital in Connaught Road, yesterday afternoon. Her Excellency was received at the main gate by Lieutenant-Colonel Jennings, I. M. S., Sirdar Mir Abdul Ali, Mr. Mir Aun Ali, Rao Bahadur V. R. Vandekar and Dr. Dhargalkar, medical officer in charge of the Hospital. Lady Northcote was shown over the different wards of the Hospital, in which there were in all 285 patients under treatment.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Arabia, with the homeward mails of the 9th instant, arrived at Aden at 7 p. m. on Wednesday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Egypt, with the outward mails of the 8th instant left Suez at 3 a. m. on Wednesday.

MR. J. CARMICHAEL, I. C. S., has been appointed to be Junior Collector.

MR. W. E. YOUNG has been appointed vice-chairman of the Karachi Port Trust.

MR. J. DEC. ATKINS has been appointed to be Political Agent at Aundh and Phaltan.

LIEUT. W. H. SHAKESPEAR, 17th Bengal Lancers, has been appointed on plague duty in Bombay.

MR. J. E. DOWN, Inspector General of Police, has been granted privilege leave and furlough for one year.

MR. R. A. L. MOORE and MR. R. J. C. LORD are granted privilege leave and furlough combined for one year.

COL. OLIVIER, Mr. J. Wilcocks, and Mr. F. C. Macrae have been re-appointed members of the Bombay Port Trust.

THE services of Lieuts. H. E. Browne, 12th Bombay Infantry, and Captain A.M., Deveton, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India.

MR. S. REBSCH, President, Municipal Corporation and Chairman, City Improvement Trust, will perform the ceremony of opening the Victoria Swimming Bath on the Kennedy Sea Face, opposite the Band Stand, at 5 p.m. on Thursday next the 21st instant.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL THORNTON, Resident at Jodhpore, officiates as Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana when Colonel Wyllie goes on leave. Mr. Blakesley, First Assistant in Rajputana, officiates as Commissioner of Ajmere-Merwara when Mr. Tucker goes on leave in April.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending March 12th was 2,490, giving a death-rate of 155·03 per annum per thousand as against 168·82 the corresponding period of last year, and 111·87 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 323 died from fevers; 1,196, plague; 10, small-pox; 2, measles; 4, cholera; 2, leprosy; 214, phthisis; 74, diseases of the nervous system; 270, affections of the respiratory organs; 44, diarrhœa; 30, dysentery; 40, still-born; 107, old age and debility; 27, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 105; Brahmin, 99; Lingaet, 9; Bhattia, 14; Hindu of other castes, 1,570; Hindu low caste, 195; Musalman, 390; Parsee, 41; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 51; Eurasians, 9; Europeans, 5; Buddhists, 1. The total number of births was 173 as against 237 the corresponding period of last year, and 186 the average over the past five years.

A SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.

IN "Ten Months in the Field with the Boers" (Heinemann), an ex-Lieutenant of General de Villebois-Mareuil, gives a bright and racy account of his experiences in the field with the "Foreign Legion." Full of vigour and enterprise, our Frenchman cheerfully undergoes the inevitable hardships of a campaign, and comes up smiling every time. It is impossible to help liking him, and although he is fully convinced in his own mind of the justice of the cause for which he is fighting, his appreciation of the gallantry of our own troops, and his friendly references to the British officers, who treated him with such hospitality after his final capture, rob his pages of the sting which they might otherwise have carried.

On the voyage out the Lieutenant hob-nobs with an English Captain of the Royal Field Artillery, also bound for Durban.

"Our approaching hostility," he says, "does not prevent us from being the best of friends throughout the passage. He wears the medal of the Soudan, too, which gives him a further title to our sympathies. He describes his very interesting campaigns in India and Egypt. He was present at Omdurman—'the great battle' as he calls it."

Early in the book he enters upon a criticism of Boer strategy, which increases in intesity as the jealousy of foreign help, on the part of the Boers, becomes more apparent, and the tactical skill of experienced European officers is ignored, and their plans baffled. In his opinion, after Glencoe, Dundee, and Lombard's Kop, the Boers had "one of the most magnificent opportunities imaginable."

"Order and effort," he says, "prolonged for one week only would have overwhelmed and annihilated the English Army. Cape Colony and Natal would have thrown off the yoke, associating themselves with the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, and the United States of South Africa would have been a power to reckon with.

"But no! Nothing was attempted. Joubert seemed to be hypnotized before Ladysmith, Du Toit before Kimberley.

"And, quietly and undisturbedly, England gradually disembarked the 200,000 men Lord Kitchener thought necessary for the work in hand."

The Lieutenant made his first journey on African soil in company with "Long Tom" which had been taken by us at Lombard's Kop, dynamited, recaptured by the Boers, and repaired at Pretoria and was then on its way to take part in the siege of Kimberley. It had become "a sort of prodigal son, a legendary weapon beloved of those great children we call the Boers," and he describes the deputations of women who gathered at every station on their route, and who begged to be allowed to see the gun, and, after putting each a head or an arm into the breech, sang hymns until the departure of the train.

Of the system of election of Boer military officers by the men, he writes:

"I do not know what are the results of this system in politics; but applied to an army, it is disastrous, for very often the leader, brave enough himself, dares not engage his men lest he becomes unpopular; and this, I think, has been the main cause of the total absence of offensive action on the part of the Boers. Perhaps, indeed, it will prove one of the main causes of their final overthrow.

The Lieutenant arrives at Kimberley after a leisurely march, and meets Colonel de Villebois-Mareuil, of whom he speaks throughout with affectionate and reverent admiration.

"Even at that stage," he says, "a look of sadness had stamped itself upon his face; he saw that the men for whom he was to lay down his life would not follow the counsels dictated by his profound knowledge and unquenchable devotion."

We learn that Colonel de Villebois had a plan for taking Kimberley by assault, and asked for fifty men at first, and then only twenty-five, to enable him to carry out his design, but could not get the Boer Council to accede to his request. Our liking for our ex-Lieutenant suffers something of a shock when we find him at the beginning of the Boer retreat advising a fieldcornet to destroy the reservoirs, burn the forage, and poison the wells all along the line of retreat, and one cannot help respecting the field-cornet who would never consent. This little aberration of conscience is, perhaps, hardly wiped out by a kindly reference a little later on to the good qualities of English officers. The Lieutenant, it is true, does not hold a very high opinion of our officers as experts in the art of war, but he says:

> The English officer is a gentleman, always perfectly well bred, often very well educated, and extremely affaable .... It is but just to add that they have also preserve the cool, tenacious courage, and the indomitable energy of their race, qualities which none can deny them. I saw some superb charges, by English troops in Africa, but they always reminded me of Marechal Pelisier's remark after the heroic charge at Balaclava: "Cest magnifique mais ce n'est pas a guerre!"

The Lieutenant's opinion of Joubert is not a high one. His remarks on Sir Redvers Buller's retreat across the Tugela after the Spion Kop disaster are worth quoting in full, though it must not be accepted as gospel truth:

> The Boers had 168 men killed. And as Rieciardi has pointed out but for the incomprehensible opposition of General Joubert this retreat across the Tugela would have been not a proof that the enemy had learnt to respect the fighting powers of the English, but a terrific rout. For General Louis Botha surrounded by a dozen guns was watching the English passing over their pontoons from the heights he had defended the night before. They were well within range and the gunners were at their posts. It wanted, but an order, the pontoons would have been destroyed, and Warren's division, hemmed in by the river, would have been massacred to a man. Why was this order not given?
>
> In March, even before the death of the Generalissimo, a terrible word had been whispered—treason! At any rate, his inaction was highly culpable, for if the struggle seems hopeless now, there was a time when he might have turned it into a victory, and made it another Majuba Hill campaign. We know that Joubert's ignorance was almost incredible, that he could not even use a map, and that he stubbornly refused to learn. His attitude at the time of Warren's retreat and in certain other circumstances no doubt gave colour to the rumours of poisoning which followed the General's sudden death in March. It is conceivable that some burgher, carried away by patriotic zeal, did not hesitate to commit a crime that the supreme command might pass into more faithful or bolder hands.

The lack of organization and discipline amongst the Boers forms a perennial source of annoyance and amusement combined to the ex-cavalry soldier. At the time of the fighting at Thaba N'chu, he writes:

> With the Germans we were sent to occupy the big kopje against which the English attack had been most violent the day before. Its dominant position made it of great strategic value; but the Boers who had held it were guilty of the disastrous negligence, only too habitual with them of retiring from it in order to sleep confortably instead of strengthening their position in it.
>
> The English, on the other hand, had spent the night digging trenches, and were firmly established on the ground they had gained in the two days.

After Colonel de Villebois's death, matters seem to have come to a crisis between the Boers and their foreign friends. De Malzan, a former officer in the German Army, went to confer with General Botha. He was very badly received.

> I do not recognise anyone's right to make appointments. Blignault is not a General, and you are nothing at all. The Europeans can all go back to their own countries. I don't want them. My burghers are quite enough for me.

After having been alternately encouraged and repulsed, the "allies" finally decided to lay down their arms. Most of them did so, but our Lieutenant fought on a little longer, until he was taken prisoner by Colonl Brooke, who was acting as General in command of the Irish Brigade and treated with the utmost courtesy and consideration.

> He (Colonel Brooke) invited me to dine with him, and at night, though most of the officers were sleeping in the open air, he offered me half of the little shanty which formed his bedroom, and himself fetched a bundle of straw for my bed. Then I had innumerable offers of rugs, cloaks and capes, till at last I believe I was better wrapped up than any one in the camp.

Here, for the first time, he learns of the state of affairs in the Far East. "We are allies now! We are making common cause in China!" his captors told him, and we leave him hurrying off to try and join the Foreign Legion in the Chinese Expedition, happy if he can see fighting anywhere, and pleased enough to take part in it on the same side as the troops against whom he had fought keenly, but with a complete absence of bitter feeling for ten months.

THE Punjab Land Alienation Bill will be brought into force as soon as the Local Government has sent in its proposals for notifying the agricultural tribes. Meanwhile things are at a standstill pending the receipt of these proposals.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

CABINET COUNCIL IN LONDON.

LONDON, MAR. 13.

A special Cabinet Council was held to-day at which it is understood important news from South Africa was considered.

THE TRANSVAAL MINES.

The *Times* states that the Government has authorised the Johannesberg Chamber of Mines to restart 350 stamps.

CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE BANQUET.

THE NEED OF PRACTICAL EDUCATION.

Lord Salisbury, speaking at a banquet of the Chambers of Commerce, said he did not believe in the commercial decadence of England and advocated a more practical education.

The feature of the banquet was the cordiality displayed in drinking the toast of the French Chamber of Commerce amid cries of "Vive la France."

THE EXPECTED DUTY ON SUGAR.

Sir William Tate, the sugar refiner, who has been interviewed, said he believed that a tax of a half penny per pound on sugar was probable.

THE KING'S CIVIL LIST.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

The Government proposals in respect to the King's Civil List are based upon an estimate of £570,000.

The proposals contemplate the abolition of the Royal Buckhounds and the substitution of Fox hounds.

THE COMING BUDGET.

The papers estimate that the deficit on the coming Budget, will be £64,500,000.

GORDON'S STATUE FOR KHARTOUM.

A replica of Onslow Ford's statue of General Gordon which is destined for Khartoum was cast in London yesterday.

PLACING STONES ON A RAILWAY LINE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH. 14.

Sakharam Ayloo and Yeshwant Subhona wer, placed to-day before the Sessions Judge of Sholapur on a charge of placing stones on the railway line, between Wasthumbe and Jeur stations on the G. I. P. R. Line in January last. In the trial some of the witnesses, who said they had witnessed the occurrence, gave different versions of the story which the Jury, disbeliving, rejected. The Judge acquitted and discharged the accused.

LOWER BURMA CHIEF COURT BUILDING.

RANGOON, MARCH 13.

The following is the result of the Lower Burma Chief Court design competition between architectural engineers for submitting mottoes for their designs of the new buildings to be shortly erected in Rangoon Of over nineteen competitions the design of Mr. G. S. T. Harris, Government Architect, Madras, was the most fancied, and its author will receive the first prize, a premium of Rs. 2,000. The other premium of Rs. 700 will be divided equally between Mr. Hoyne Fox, of the P. W. D. Burma, and Colonel S. S Jacob, C. I. E. Superintending Engineer Jaipur State, ajputana.

THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL.

COMMITTEE MEETING IN BOMBAY.

At a meeting of the Viceroy's Committee in Bombay, his Excellency Lord Northcote said that he had convened the meeting to consider what steps should be taken to secure support in some measure to his Excellency the Viceroy's Memorial scheme. It was clear that no fixed proportion of the collections as a whole would be allotted to the Calcutta Memorial, and the depressed state of affairs in Bombay rendered it impossible that a second fund could, with any prospect of success, be started. There remained a third alternative, namely, to approach the Bombay Committee on the question whether they would be willing to receive, and credit to its proper head, donations by subscribers who wished to give to the Calcutta Fund either in whole or in part.

His Excellency thought there was some reason to believe that though as a body the Bombay public desired their own Memorial, yet individuals might wish to subscribe in part to the Calcutta scheme; and indeed, it was not impossible that some who would rather give to both in proportion would prefer to give to neither rather than to one only. There was to be a meeting next Friday of the General Committee of the Bombay Memorial Fund, before which, if the Committee agreed, his Excellency would lay the foregoing proposals.

His Excellency added that he had been asked by his Excellency the Viceroy to let it be known that donations, particularly large ones, might be spread over three years.

PLACE BETTING.

BOOK-MAKERS WARNED BY THE W. I. T. C

THEIR REPLY.

The following notice has been posted to the bookmakers attending the Extra Meeting in Bombay:—

NOTICE TO BOOKMAKERS.

It was noticed by the Stewards that at the last Extra Meeting on the 9th March, the Bookmakers without the slightest reason declined to "bet" for places in three or four races, or to such a limited extent as to be practically useless.

The Bookmakers are hereby warned that they will be expected to put up place-betting on all reasonable occasions throughout the Extra Meeting.

By order,
(Sd.) CECIL GRAY.
Secy. W I T Club.

Bombay, 12th March 1901.

To this the Bookmakers reply as follows:—

Watson's Hotel, 14th March 1901. The Secretary W. I. T. Club, Bombay.

Dear Sir,—We the undersigned protest against your Circular of the 12th March, 1901, for the following reasons:—

I.—That the Stewards do not make it compulsory for horses to be riden out for places.

II.—To our knowledge there is no betting rule to compel a man to make a wager against his wish.—Yours, &c.

(Signed) Fred Armfield. Coutts & Co. Fred Cec. earitl. J. Moore. Charles Goldspink. Monte & Co. C. Hewett. W. J. Hutchins. W. S. Scott for C. Harding. E. J. Chard, H. B. Bamcha.

Mr. F. Cardew, a European employe of the Amir's, has recently arrived at Peshawar after three years service in Kabul. An English representative of a firm of jewellers in Madras will shortly proceed to Kabul at the Amir's invitation,

His Excellency the Governor of Madras in his second tour in Salem inspected the letters of Sir Thomas Munro in the Collector's Cutchery. His Excellency the Viceroy in his speech referred to these letters as rotting in the dingy cupboards of the Collector's office, but this is far from being the case. The letters have been taken care of, and are in an excellent state of preservation. Lord Ampthill was very interested, and asked that they should be sent o him for further inspection.

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, MILITARA DEPARTMENT

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CALCUTTA, MARCH 14.

Brigadier-General E. G. Barrow has been appointed to succeed Major-General Maitland, Secretary to Government in the Military Department, and will, in all probability take up his appointment early.

OBITUARY.

Mr. C. A. Smith, of the British India Steam Navigation Company, died at Edinburg, on the 12th inst.

THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, INDIA.

Mr. Molison proceeds home on six months' leave, returning to India next autumn, to take up the Directorship of Agriculture with the Government of India.

MILITARY NEWS.

Colonel W. Hailes will be posted to command the Allahabad District when General Fancourt goes home.

Colonel A. E. Ommaney, Commanding 1st Battalion the Buffs, will shortly proceed to England to take command of the 22nd Regimental District.

THE BANDMAN OPERA SEASON.

"LITTLE CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS."

Last night the Bandman Opera Company opened their season at the Novelty Theatre when "Little Christopher Columbus" was presented to a very good house. The piece was finely staged, and went with great vigour from the commencement. The songs and choruses were admirably rendered, the work of the latter being one of the features of the production. The conductor is Mr. Jesse Williams, and he weilded the baton with great skill.

There is not much of a story in "Little Christopher Columbus." He is a cabin boy and an American heiress, Guinevre Block, falls in love with him. To her mother such a marriage is distasteful, and she employs a detective to get Christopher imprisoned, which is successfully accomplished. Christopher, however, escapes from jail by changing places with Pepita, a dancing girl, who is loved by Don Juan, the jailor. Finally all the "dramatis" personae take ship in the s. s. Chocktaw for Chicago World's Fair. It is eventually discovered that little Christopher Columbus is a Duke, and so Mrs. Block gives way, and Guinevre and Christopher are happily married.

Mr. Harry Cole took the principal part—O'Hoolegan—and he soon won the sympathies of the audience. He is a very clever comedian, his "business" being particularly funny, and the style in which he danced the marionette dance with Miss Ada Lawrence shows that he is skilful with his feet. He was the life and soul of the piece, and was splendidly backed up by Mr. R. P. Rutter, as Mrs Block, a most amusing lady. Little Christopher was charmingly pourtrayed by Miss Florence Darley, who scored two distinct successes in her songs "Lazily, Drowsily" and "Honey, my honey." Miss Ada Lawrence, as the Spanish dancing girl, was always welcome on the stage. Her chief part is dancing, and she executes her dances with an easy grace which is delightful to watch. Mr. Fred Coyne, who most efficiently acts as stage manager, was a typical Yankee Captain, and Mr. A. W. Pemberton, his second officer, sings effectively. Miss Una Palmer took the part of Guinevere Block, and her part includes several songs, which were also given with much taste. On the whole, the Company are to be congratulated on their performance, which is the best that has been presented to the public for many years.

BOMBAY PHILARMONIC SOCIETY.

Last night the Bombay Philarmonic Society gave a most successful and delightful concert in the Town Hall. It was the first of the season by the Society, which has been dormant for some time. The work selected was Sterndale Bennett's setting of Tennyson's "May Queen" not an ambitious but a very charming composition. The principal vocalists were Miss Proctor, Mr. F. Noel Paton and Mr. N. Medley, who were very successful. Miss Proctor sang charmingly as the May Queen and was greatly applauded. Mr. Paton sang his solos very tastefully and Mr. Medley, was admirably suited with the music for the part of Robin Hood. The choruses were exceedingly well sung and under Mr. Faulkner's capable direction singers and band achieved a great success. The second part of the programme was of a miscellaneous character. Schubert's Rosamunde was beautifully played by the band as an overture. Madame P. Duran, who has a powerful and admirable voice, sang Vanika's song most effectively and had to respond to the enthusiastic demands for an encore. Mr. Astell played a violin solo very artistically. Tennyson's three songs, "Gone" "The Letter" and "The Answer" were most tastefully given by Captain Kendall and the programme concluded with the march from "Tannhauser" brilliantly played by the orchestra. The members of the Society in the band were assisted by the band of His Excellency the Governor. The audience was fairly large and appreciative, but other powerful attractions prevented the house being so full as the performance deserved

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL FUND.

Subscriptions to the "Queen Victoria Memorial Fund" are coming in freely from all quarters and from every section of the community. The Maharajah of Kolapur has subscribed half a lakh; Raja Shyam Chandra Nurduraj Hari Chandan Nilgiri, Rs. 5,000; Babu Satgendra Nath and Bai Kuntha Nath Dey of Balasore (jointly) Rs. 1,000; Rai Jogendra Kishore Rai Chowdry Bahadur, Mymensingh, Rs. 1,000; Sheo Parsad Jhoonjhoonwalla Rs. 1,500; Sew Dutt Roy Premsook Rs 500.

The Honorary Secretary of the Nairangunge Club has forwarded the sum of Rs. 105 collected from a few of the Members. A collection undertaken by Babu Grish Chunder Ghosal in Gorifa, a town within the Municipality of Naihahi has resulted so far in a total of Rs. 193 mostly in sums under two rupees.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE MARRYAT CUP.

Yesterday the final game in the Marryat cup tournament was played at the Gymkhana between Mr. F. J. Marshall and Mr. A. Milne. There was a fair number of spectators present, but the play was rather uninteresting after the first few games. The first set was well contested, the score being four games each, and then Marshall won the set by 6 to 4. From this point Milne's game greatly deteriorated and his opponent took the next set by 6 to 1, and thus won the cup. The winner has a peculiarly awk ward style, albeit effective, but he is not nearly as brilliant as his opponent, who plays in a very free style but is erratic.

BOMBAY JACKAL CLUB.

We have been asked to remind intending competitors that the entries for the Club Point-to-point races will close to-day.

The following is the plague report from Jammu. In village Rara, now re-occupied, there have been five cases and five deaths, all of pneumonic plague. In village Jajwal, between March 1st to 8th, there have been 17 cases and eight deaths, nine persons remaining under treatment. This village was the *origo mali*, two deaths included in the above returns having been concealed in the last week in February.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

AMERICAN ART AND MORALS.

"THE BELLE OF BOHEMIA."

LONDON, FEB. 22.

Once more a great invention is heralded from the other side of the Atlantic. It is nothing less momentous than an official alliance of Art and Morals. While a jaded old world has been trying this many a day to prove that the divorce was complete, the "Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York" has been strengthening the bond. With Art divorced from Morals they will have naught to do; and, mind you, it must be their own code, and none of your new-fangled laxities of dress or behaviour. The Venus of Milo, for example—that young lady of the mysterious toilette—may have been good enough for the degraded civilization of three thousand years "on this side," but the "Regents" are down upon her. She is turned from the door of the University of the State of New York, and she ought to have known better than ever to seek an entrance. With a pardonable glow of responsible citizenship, the "Regents" proceed to explain that they have turned her out "because of nudity," and every honest man who has a son or a daughter on the threshold of the University will breathe freely. The "Regents" very wisely do not condescend to explain the exact relation between public morality and the partial nudity of the Venus, but we may be sure that her presence in the University of the State of New York is a miracle of inappropriateness, and that for her own sake she is better away.

And then the "Regents," with a frankness that almost suggests weakness, proceed to a series of criticisms to prove that art, no less than morals, is well within their reach. With the discarded Venus go also reproductions of Raphael's "Sistine Madonna," Murillo's "Immaculate Conception," Correggio's "Adoration," and Titian's "Assumption." These are declared to be possibly objectionable to Hebrews, which may, or may not, mean that the Hebrew picture-dealer sees small chance of profit in them, or that his memories are unpleasantly stirred by the enormous profit, in which he did not share, that accrued to the sellers of some of the pictures named. Burne Jones's "Golden Stairs" is banned, as "affected and stilted," a piece of pure criticism that has justification; and Sir Joshua Reynolds's "Heads of Angels" is declared to be "pretty but not sufficiently strong," which is beyond question a sly but perfectly just hit at the juvenility of the angels. But the hardest criticism of all is reserved for Da Vinci's "Last Supper." That fresco is pronounced "unworthy of inspection by pupils." One can imagine a picture unworthy the high standard of a "Regent," who is at once art critic and moralist, and who has a right to pass the Old Masters with his nose in the air, but it seems unduly hard to debar Da Vinci from the possible homage of a pupil even of the University of the State of New York. It is well that Mr. Pater is no longer here to share the blow.

The "Daily Chronicle" has given currency to the report that the International Society of Painters, Sculptors, and Gravers will hold its third exhibition in the autumn. Not only have its two exhibitions at Knightsbridge shown an excellent example in the method of hanging and display, but they have given us the only opportunity of seeing a fair selection of contemporary foreign work, hung side by side with the best native talent. One is entitled to decry the whole system of picture exhibitions, but assuredly if they are to exist at all the International Society has gone about them in the right way. Picture-selling has never been the objective, but rather comparison for the purposes of study. If the public would only believe it, exhibitions of this kind teach the real value of current work, and are, therefore, productive of profitable speculation in picture buying. The Academy is the worst place in the world to buy pictures. There is no standard of value; the walls are crowded by the inflated products of Academical extravagance and every other picture is priced in proportion. A very slight acquaintance with picture sales will teach anybody that the pictures of the year in London are seldom the pictures of the year after next. The field at the Academy is resolutely closed to the outsider, and there is no fair competition. At the International we have a chance of seeing the best work of the time without regard to cliquism or nationality.

At Messrs. Agnew's Bond-street Galleries their annual exhibition of water colours is now open. The present exhibition is peculiarly rich in work by Turner, Barret, Copeley Fielding, and William Hunt, while two drawings at least by J. S. Cotman show how immeasurably superior he was to the bulk of the early water-colourists. At the time of making the magnificent drawing of Cader Idris from Barmouth sands in this exhibition he had certainly nothing to learn from Girtin and Turner, to whose work it has strong affinity. The three men must all have known each other under Dr. Munro's roof, and their influence must have been intercommunicable. But after all the chief glory of this exhibition will be found on the second screen on which hang fourteen of Turner's drawings, several of which, in their respective styles, are as fine as anything he ever painted. The "Bath Abbey" is one of the most perfect and finished drawings of his early period. The elaborated detail of the great west window is as finely drawn and painted as a miniature, but the impression of breadth and size is there, as if the painter had been wholly untrammelled by the laws of space, while the delicate blues and greys of the picture are peculiarly fascinating. It is signed "W. Turner," as is the drawing of "Shrewsbury Bridge," which was made about the same time. This, without being architecturally so elaborate, shows, so far as it goes, the same intricate knowledge of essentials, while the fading away into blue haze of the churches and houses on the bank, so as to make the bridge the principal feature of the picture, shows once again how consummate an artist Turner was.

"St. Agatha's Abbey," hanging on the other side of the screen, was exhibited in the summer at the Fine Art Society's Gallery, together with the rest of the Ruskin Turners. "St. Agatha's Abbey" is an early drawing, though later than the "Bath Abbey" and "Shrewsbury," and shows the rich browns and greens which characterised both Turner's and Girtin's work at this time. Above it is the "Stonyhurst" engraved in the "England and Wales" series. Here the golden haze of the sky, which falls alike on tree and building, is somewhat killed by the gold mount which comes close up to the drawing. Next to this is the "Dover," which ought however, to be "Folkestone." This, without being the most attractive of the Turners, is undoubtedly the finest example of his power. He has, it will be noticed, signed and dated it, a distinction which he rarely conferred on his pictures as late as 1824. The heave and swell of the living sea is rendered to perfection. The fishing-boats tossing and rocking on the waves accentuate with marvellous effect, by their own powerlessness, the power of the sea. Of the figures the less said the better. The evening sky, with heavy blue-black clouds, is duller in colour and less luminous than that in the "Devonport" which hangs next to it, the best sky, according to Ruskin, that Turner—and therefore anybody—ever painted.

Of other pictures we have not space to speak in full. De Wint's "Haymaking," with its long stretching sweep of landscape and cool, clear atmosphere, is of the finest quality. There are several "important" Barrets, the classical ones cold and unconvincing, the homely natural ones glowing and true. William Muller has a large landscape called "Winter," clever but unpleasing. William Hint has a wall of still life to himself. What unsurpassable labour was his, what infinite pains, what Titanic power of observing the microscopically small! But alas! where is the art? A drawing which should not be missed is "The Shepherd," by Cotman. Not so great or grand as the "Cader Idris," it still shows an exquisite art. On the rounded top of the brown downs stands the shepherd, with his dog. He is looking at the blue sky in front of him, into which is ascending in the far distance a cloud of smoke from a land fire. His coat is green, but a dark, unnoticeable green; his satchel is green also, but a brilliant, light, uncompromising green. Set the green of the satchel against the blue of the sky and you look for a discord. Discord or no, it makes the picture.

"The best American importation since 'The Belle of New York—much better than 'An American Beauty, and decidedly better than 'The Casino Girl'"—that was the "verdict" passed on Feb. 21 on "The Belle of Bohemia" by the overflowing and highly appreciative audience which Mr. Lowenfeld had invited for the occasion. "An American Beauty" was a distinct disappointment; musically in particular, it was considerably inferior to its predecessor from the pens of Mr. Morton and Mr. Kerker. "The Casino Girl" passed muster, but did not quite "take" the town. Now, this is precisely what "The Belle of Bohemia" (which, like "The Casino Girl," is by Messrs. H. B. Smith and Ludwig Englander) may do. As a work of dramatic or of musical art, it may be of little account; it can, indeed, hardly be called a dramatic work at all, and the music it contains nowhere rises above the level of the "ear-tickling" and the "ad captandum." Nevertheless, it may be popular. And why? Just because of its dramatic and musical deficiencies. Those who liked "The Belle of New York," who extended a fair patronage to "An American Beauty" and "The Casino Girl," and who may be trusted to patronise "The Belle of Bohemia," do not want anything savouring of high drama or the best music. They want spirit and brightness, fun and melody. They want the brightness very bright, and the fun extremely funny. They want to be stirred and roused instead of gently titillated. Above all, they want not to be bored. Whatever happens, they object to being made to yawn. The fun may be farfetched, and the melody may be facile; but all is well so long as they are sufficiently amused.

And, on the whole, "The Belle of Bohemia" amuses sufficiently. It has its "longueurs"; it has its moments of absolute imbecility. It has no "plot" to speak of, and is practically, like all its predecessors in the same genre, a series of music-hall "turns" strung upon the slenderest thread. It is noisy both in action and in orchestration; it is fussy in its "business" and conventional in its effects. And yet a successful career in London may be prophesied for it with some feeling of certainty. It has brightness, it has "go." The scenery and the costumes strike the eye indeed, and the feminine supernumerary element has attractions of its own. A brilliant and vivacious background is that in front of which the "principals" in "The Belle of Bohemia" disport themselves. It is background which to some eyes may perhaps seem garish, but to the "general" it is evidently delightful. It is certainly varied, and in a real sense picturesque. At the same time, it is the individual "turns" which make the success of the piece. It is the dry comicality of Mr. Richard Carle as "a matinee idol," the quaint German-Americanisms of Dr. Dave Lewis and Mr. S. L. Don (as the two men whose strong likeness to each other forms the basis of the "story"), the graceful prettiness of Miss Marie George as the Bohemian Belle married to a photographer, the accomplished singing and dancing of Miss Marie Dainton (wedded to the other Dromio), and the agreeable liveliness of Miss Anna Loughton as the young bride of the matinee idol—it is these, aided by the tuneful strains of Mr. Englander and by a stage-management which admits of no resting upon the oar, which bring "The Belle of Bohemia" safe into port at last.

Laughter and applause were frequent and loud but they were in no sense unreal or forced—on the contrary, they seemed genuinely spontaneous. There was no pressure for encores; such as were demanded and conceded are likely to be demanded by, and conceded to, the audiences which are to come. A distinct hit, was made by the young English artist, Miss Marie Dainton, who comes back to us from America with a style more finished and a self-possession more complete than she has hitherto exhibited among us. At the same time, a hearty reception was accorded not only to Mr. Carle and Miss George, who are now well-known to London playgoers, but also to Mr. Lewis and Mr. Don, the latter of whom presents in the piece a singular resemblance in make-up, manner, and voice to Mr. J. E. Sullivan as the "polite lunatic" of "The Belle of New York." A special word of praise may be accorded to Miss Trixie Froganza, who, in the first act, displayed considerable humour in a farcical "photographic" episode. The chorus is as well drilled and competent as it is comely, and the band is thoroughly efficient. It excelled itself in the clever, but hardly novel burlesque of the finales in Italian opera with which the first act is brought to a vigorous conclusion.

The Chamber Concert given by the students of the Royal Academy of Music, if it did not reveal any very striking talent among the young performers, served once more to emphasise the fact that to obtain a thoroughly good musical training it will not be necessary for the Purcells and Bennetts and Sullivans of the future to go farther than Tenterden-street. Of the three compositions by students which were brought forward a clever and interesting Sonata for Pianoforte and Violin, by Mr. A. von Ahn Carse, was by far the best. It is a work which deserves warm praise both for its conciseness of style and for its melodious and interesting themes. The Sonata was excellently played by Messrs. E. S. Dyke and Claude Gascoigne. Mr. E. Y. Bowen's Pianoforte Sonata in B. Minor and the three songs by Miss Reeves, which were the remaining novelties of the programme, also merit commendation; the first-named in particular showing decided promise. A number of vocalists appeared, nearly all of whom displayed signs of good training while performances of two movements from Brahms's Sextet in B flat and three numbers from Mozart's Quintet in G. minor—both for strings—proved that the Academy does not neglect classical chamber music.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. S. Rebsch presiding.

IMPROVEMENT OF INSANITARY HOUSES.

The Corporation resumed debate on the motion of Mr. Jaffurbhoy Rahimtulla, who proposed at the last meeting that the Commissioner be requested to proceed with the work of improving insanitary houses under Section 378 of the Municipal Act, and not, as at present, under the Epidemic Diseases Act. That the Corporation would be prepared on the recommendation of the Standing Committee to sanction such expenditure as might be necessary for the purpose,

Mr. Cazee Kabirudin in resuming the debate supported the proposal.

Dr. Katrak in speaking against the proposal remarked that the operations under the Epidemic Diseases Act were carried out with great circumspection and moderation. The mover of the proposition had not made out a case that the Act worked harshly on the house owners of the city

Mr. A. F. Unwala said that the Hon. Mr. Mehta stated last time that a test case might be taken before a Court of law, but the fact of the matter was that a house-owner could not possibly under the provisions of the Act take a test case before any Court of law. The Plague Commissioner was given wide powers under the Act, and it was not possible for any house-owner to take action against the action of the Commissioner under the Act.

Mr. S. D. Khota observed that as hard and fast rules had been laid down in the Act, it was very difficult for house-owners to proceed in the matter. The rules practically allowed of insanitary houses being completely demolished. The house-inspection staff was a source of great anxiety to the house-owners of the city.

Dr. Viegas spoke against the motion.

Mr. Hormusjee Shapurjee, in supporting the motion, dealt with Mr. Mehta's arguments which were advanced against the proposition.

The Municipal Commissioner, after having dealt with the arguments advanced by Mr. Jaffarbhoy and his supporters pointed out at some length the practical difficulties the Corporation would have to meet by the establishment of a sort of concurrent jurisdiction, which would be the result if the resolution were passed. The procedure would not only involve difficulties of a practical character but also a larger expenditure.

Dr. Dinshaw Master opposed the motion on the ground that it would entail a large expenditure on the Municipality.

Mr. Jafferbhoy Rabimtuola having replied on the debate, the resolution was put to the vote and declared lost.

IMPROVEMENT OF PYDHOWNI ROAD.

Sanction was given to a set-back being acquired from Mr Dost M. Peer Mahomed at the junction of Pydhowni Road and Combad Street and to the setting back of all future buildings in these streets to new lines laid down.

The Corporation after transacting other business, adjourned.

It is likely that Mr. Oldham who was lately a member of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, will return to Calcutta to take up the post of Chairman of the Municipality. Mr. Oldham retired from the Civil Service last November.

THE RECENT ATTEMPT TO WRECK THE MAIL.

ACCUSED COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

The accused concerned in the train-wrecking near Kardi Station on the night of the 27th January, were again placed by Mr. Rennison, of the G. I. P. Railway Police, before Rao Bahadur A. G. Kotwal, the Huzur Deputy Collector and Magistrate of Thana, yesterday, and charged under section 126B of the Railway Act of 1890, with endangering the safety of passengers, under circumstances already published. The names of the accused are Dawoo Amboo, Balu Kalu, Lalu Oomar, Piloo Kala Kunade, and Palloo Chawoo. Mr. M. B. Jardine, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Bowen, of Messrs. Little & Co., and Mr. Acharya, Government pleader, conducted the prosecution. Mr. Padhe, pleader, appeared for the third accused, while the other accused were not represented. Mr. Pearson, Railway Engineer, watched the proceedings.

Mr. Thomas Nolan, Permanent Way Inspector to the G. I. P. Railway, in his further examination by Mr. Jardine said that he had some conversation at the scene of the derailment with one of the firemen of the derailed engine. The latter informed the witness that he had heard persons talking near the place of the accident while his driver was away. The witness could speak Marathi well. The third accused belonged to No. 3 gang, while the others belonged to No. 2. Accused No. 3 was engaged in 1898, while the others were employed in 1896. In this particular part of the railway line there had been extensive repairs of recent years, which necessitated the employment of a large number of workmen in addition to the ordinary gangs of labourers. Tool boxes ought to be kept locked and mucadams of the gangs were in possessions of the keys. The witness made his inspection of tools in December last. He then drew out a list of the tools, and checked it with that of November last. From the list he could say that the cracked spanner, found near the spot of the accident, was not in the box of tools in December. It would be contrary to the rule to keep the tools in the gate house and not in the box. The witness collected all the broken materials that he found near the scene of accident. They consisted of bolts, keys and such other things. The witness found the rail removed at the scene of the derailment. The accused Balia made a statement to the witness on the 28th of February. The former stated how the rail had been taken out.

Mr. Jardine put in a plan of the scene of the derailment.

Jiva Rakhma, a mukadam in the service of the G. I. P. Railway examined by Mr. Jardine said that he had been in the service of the Company for the last thirty years. He remembered the night of the accident. He went to the place of derailment the same night. He did not see any of the accused there. Mr. Nolan had given him a round-handled spanner for custody, which was lying on the ground near the scene of accident. He stayed at the place of derailment for an hour.

Bhoru Nama, an agriculturist, in his examination, said he sometimes did carpentry work also. He remembered having heard that an engine was derailed a few days ago. At that time he was doing some carpentry work at the Oomarmali gate. On the day of the accident he was also at the gate. He knew all the accused. On the day of the accident he saw accused Baloo sitting at the house of the accused No. 1.

Balu Raghu, assistant mukadam, stated that last month a police havaldar of Kasara came to his place. He went with the havaldar to the house of accused Baloo. A crowbar was found at the house of Baloo. The havaldar took it with him. The witness identified the crowbar in court as the one which he found at the place of Baloo. Baloo stated that the crowbar was his.

Rama Dharma, a gangman, stated that he remembered having gone to the place of derailment on the night of the accident. He was told by the fireman of the engine that he had heard voices of some men near the place of accident. The witness was asked to go and fetch Yesoo mukadam.

Amril Yesu, a police sepoy, said that on the night of the accident after 11 p.m., he was asked by the havaldar on the scene of the spot to go and examine the tool box of the gangman No. 2. He went and made a search, when, except four crowbars and a few pickaxes no other tools were found. Abu Miya Nanabhoy, Chief Constable of Kalyan, examined by Mr. Jardine, said that he had been to the place of the accident, when he found several bolts and keys lying there. He took charge of them. He found a flat handled spanner on the 26th of February at a distance of about 40 paces from the Oomarmali gate house. It was buried in the ground with a hammer. The accused Laloo had informed the police that the spanner and hammer used in removing the rail were buried there. After receiving the information they went to the spot with Laloo, and took out the crowbar and the hammer. A punchnama was held at the time.

Nanubhoy Hussenbhoy, a tradesman, stated that he was present at the punchnama held on the 26th of February, when one spanner and one hammer were found buried in the ground near the Oomarmali gate house.

Babaji Ramji, a porter, said that he knew accused Laloo. On the 27th of February last he saw him running away, followed by the police. Eventually he was arrested at the distance of half a mile from the Khardi station,

Mr. George Renison, Chief Constable of the G I. P. Railway Company, Bombay, said that, the on 22nd of February he took charge of the case. In consequence of what the accused No. 1 stated to him he interviewed the accused No. 4 and arrested both of them. One of them, Laloo, pointed out to him the places where a spanner and other tools were buried. In consequence of what accused No 1 spoke to him, the accused No. 2, Dhanoo, was arrested on the 25th of February, and the following day the accused Nos. 3 and 5. He made inquiries for the accused No. 6, and he was arrested on the 6th of March.

STATEMENTS OF THE ACCUSED.

As the accused No. 1 was granted a pardon his statement was not recorded.

Accused No. 2, Dhawoo Ambu, asked by the Magistrate, said that he was a gangman in the service of the G. I. P. Railway Company. He knew nothing of the derailment of the light engine. He had no part in the removal of the rail. The accused Baloo did not tell him to meet him in the Pimpli field, near the scene of the accident, on the night of the derailment. He knew nothing of the tools found buried in the earth. The statement made by him before the Magistrate of Shahpur that he had taken part in the removal of the rail, was not true. He made that statement on account of the fear of the police. He was struck by the police at Khardi but he did not know the names of the policemen who struck him. When he made his statement to the Magistrate of Shahpur, he did not show him any marks of injury on his body.

The accused No. 3, Baloo Kamru, in his defence, said that he did not ask any of the accused to see him in the Pimpli field on the night of the accident. They did not meet that night in the Pimpli field. He did not remove the rail. The police took away a spanner which he had at his place. He had not taken out the bolts.

The accused No. 4, Laloo Oomar, said that he did not go to the Pimpli field to remove the rail. He did not remove the rail with a crowbar. He did not point out to the police a spot near Oomarmali gate house, where a spanner and a hammer were found buried in the ground.

The accused No. 5, Pilu Kalu, stated that he was not in the Pimpli field, nor had he taken any part in removing the rail.

Accused No. 6, Palu Chawoo, also made a similar statement.

COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.

The case for the prosecution having been closed, the Magistrate framed a charge against all the accused, under Section 126B of Railway Act IX of 1890, of endangering the safety of passengers by removing a rail. They were formally committed to the next Criminal Sessions at Thana.

THE WOMEN'S MEMORIALLS FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir.—Will you please allow a place in the earliest issue of your paper. It is intended to settle the form for the Empress-Victoria memorial from the women of Bombay at next Friday's meeting at Lady Jenkin's. It occurs to me that the most beneficial form would be to invest the whole collection in trust and divide annually the interest accruing from it amongst the existing locals Hospitals and the Lepers' Home, to provide patients leaving the Hospitals on the anniversary of the death of our beloved Queen-Empress, viz. 22nd January, with tins of extract of meat, arrowroot, etc., also with warm clothing. Whilst in Hospitals the patients are fairly well supplied with these nourishing necessities, which they need to as great an extent in their convalescent state at home to recoup their enfeebled constitutions. This form of an yearly in memoriam is likely to find favour with the natives in general, who are used in some such form to commemorate the memory of their dear departed ones.—Yours, &c.,

SERENE M. CURSETJI.

The first game in the inter-regimental Polo Tournament at Meerut was played on Monday, the 15th Hussars defeating the Rifle Brigade by two gaols and one subsidiary to love. In the second game the 20th Hussars beat the 4th Dragoon Guards by five gaols and one subsidiary to two gaols and one subsidiary.

BOMBAY HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

Yesterday was the second day of the horse show and the first of the dog show. The attendance during the afternoon was, if anything, better than on the first day and among those present were:—Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote. The dogs had been udged early in the morning and the first of the horses to enter the rings were the light weight hunters and the Arab stallions over fourteen hands. The former were a very large class and generally of a high standard of excellence. The judges were occupied with them for a considerable time and eventually the premier prize was given to Lieut-Col. Bull's Babel, a handsome chestnut. Mrs. S. Stevenson's bay Steadfast was a good second and H. H. the Raja of Orcha's Forest King was third. The Arab stallions, though not numerically large, were very admirable and Mr. Ali bin Talib who won on the previous day in the class for animals fourteen hands and under was successful in the class for bigger horses with his handsome bay Mameluke, the second being Chand, a good looking black animal owned by Messrs. Tssaverden and Baldock. Lieut.-Col. Bull was also first with "Billow" among the heavy weight hunters, Col. Suart's Squire which was first among the chargers on Wednesday being placed second. The class for Arabs and Country breds ridden by ladies, though only seven entered the ring, was a capital one. Lady Mary belonging to Surg.-General Price and ridden by Mrs. Stevenson was placed first, second honours being given to Lieut.-Col. Hatch's Valley, ridden by Mrs. Hatch and the third prize going to Mrs. F. A. Prevost's Templar which was ridden by Mrs. Dyson. The general class for ladies' horses, was after the light hunters, the next largest in the show and though it contained some of the animals who were successful as light weight hunters, they were on the particular points not placed in this class. Mr R. W. Harter's Centurion ridden by Lady Jenkins was given the first rosette; Mrs Borton's Erin ridden by its owner was placed second and the third prize fell to Mrs Adams Wylie's bay, Height, which was ridden by Mrs. Reddie. For turn outs H. E. the Governor was successful with Napier and Neptune yoked to the new mail phaeton which has just been built for His Excellency. Major Baker's pair Macushla and Machree; who were placed first on Wednesday when driven tandem, were given third prize in the competition for turn outs. The single harness turn outs were very smart and in the company of other big animals Mr Annandjee Nanjee's Modesty added to its success of the previous day. In the pony class the previous day's single harness winner also repeated its success, judged in connection with the turn outs, Captain Cyril Murray's Lasse adding to its laurels by carrying off the premier award. Major Baker's Macushla was second in this class. Another repeated success was that of Captain Greville's country bred "Ironmaster," which was first in single harness in its class on Wednesday and again beat its competitors, judged in connection with the whole equipage. Major Morgan's Eventide which was bracketed first among the Arab and country bred brood mares won also in the mixed class for country breds alone. The horse jumping was scarcely so good as that of the ponies the day before. The winning animals, however, did well, though between them owing to mistakes by all the decision was not arrived at until after repeated trials. Mr. H. E. E. Proctor's Richmond was given the first award, beating Lieutenant Colonel Bull's Maid of Honour which was placed in front of Mr. W. G. Nash's Scout ridden by Mr. J. L. Symons. The driving competitions were interesting and the tests taxed the skill of the drivers. Mr. F. D. Hunt and Mr. J. L. Symons were first and second with tandems. The ladies' competition for single harness driving was well won by Mrs. F. D. Hunt, Mrs. H. Staber being second. There was a large entry for the corresponding class for gentlemen and after keen competition the first prize was awarded to Mr. Hunt, Mr. F. A. Prevost being second, with Mr. E. M. Slater, third.

At the close of the show the prizes were distributed by Lady Jenkins. Awards:

HUNTERS.

HEAVY-WEIGHT HUNTERS UP TO 14 STONE OR OVER

Lieut-Col G H Bull's b aust g Billow late The Drone by Atlantic—The Bee 1
Col Suart's b aust g Squire 2

Eleven Entries

LIGHT-WEIGHT HUNTERS.

Lt-Col G H Bull's ch aust g Babel by Confusion—King Fisher 1
Mr S A Stevenson b aust g Steadfast 2
H H Raja Bahadur Bhagwatsingh of Orcha b aust g Forest King 3

Twenty-six Entries.

LADIES' HORSES.

(To be ridden by Ladies.)

ARABS AND COUNTRY-BREDS.

Surgeon-Genl. W S M Price's b c b m Lady Mary 1
Lieut.-Col. W K Hatch's b c b m Valley ... 2
Mrs F A Prevost's g a h Templar 3

Nine Entries.

OTHER CLASSES.

Mr R W Harter's g aust g Centurion 1
Mrs Borbton's ch aust g Erin 2
Mrs Adams Wylie's b aust g Height 3

Twenty Entries.

OTHER CLASSES (REGULARLY PLAYED IN GAMES)

Lieut-Col R Eccles's g aust m Alma 1

Five Entries.

BEST COMPLETE TURN-OUT.

POINTS GIVEN FOR HORSES CARRIAGE HARNESS AND GENERAL EQUIPMENT.

PAIRS.

H E The Governor's b e g Napier and Nepune. Mail phæton 1
Mr Jugmohandas Vurjiwanda's cream a h Gulsham and Nobleman. Mail phæton... 2
Major Baker's b aust m Macushla and Muchree 3

Four Entries.

ARABS AND COUNTRY-BREDS, SINGLE HORSES OR PONY.

Capt The Hon C F Greville's g c b g Ironmaster. Buggy with hood 1
Mr Sulleman A Wahed's black a h Black Arab. Cabriolet 2

Five Entries.

OTHER CLASSES, SINGLE HORSE OVER 14-2.

Mr Anandjee Nanjee's br e m Modesty Cabriolet 1
Mr Powvala's br aus m Miss Sweet William Cabriolet ......
Mr P D Pudumjee's black aust h Sultan ... 3

Five Entries

OTHER CLASSES, SINGLE PONY 14-2 AND UNDER.

Capt Cyril Murray's black aust m Lassie Cabriolet 1
Major Baker's b aust m Macushla 2

Six Entries.

STALLIONS.

ARAB STALLIONS OVER 14 HANDS.

Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Mameluke 1
Messrs Tssaverden and Baldock's bl a h Chand 2
Mr Sulleman A Wahed's b a h Earl 3

Seven Entries.

BEST COUNTRY BREDS.

BEST COUNTRY-BRED HORSE, MARE OR GELDING.

Major Morgan's ch cb m Eventide 1
H H the Aga Khan's br cb m Evensong ... 2
Mr Sulleman A Wahed's ch cb m Daisy Belle 3

Nine Entriess.

JUMPING COMPETITITONS

FOR HORSES

Mr. H. E. E. Proctor's b. aust. g. Richmond. 1
Lt-Col G H Bull's b aust m Maid of Honour 2
Mrs. W. G. Nash's b. aust g. Scout 3

Nineteen Entries.

DRIVING COMPETITIONS.

TANDEMS

Mr F D Hunt 1
Mr J L Symons 2

Five Entries

SINGLE HARNESS.

Mr F D Hunt 1
Mr F A Prevost 2
Mr E M Slater 3

Eighteen Entries

SINGLE HARNESS (FOR LADIES ONLY)

Mrs F D Hunt 1
Mrs F A Prevost 2

Seven Entries.

THE DOG SHOW.

THE judging in the dog show took place yesterday morning. The entries were fairly large and the dogs of all kinds exhibited were generally an excellent lot. There was a fine show of fox terriers and in both classes for the smooth coated animals Lieut-Col. Bull carried off the first prizes with a very good pair, St. Patrick and Pansy, who are brother and sister. Mr. and Mrs. D. ffolliott Powell were very successful in very admirable classes of the wire haired terriers, carrying off all four prizes. The winner among the dogs was Karari Thistle, a nice months' old animal which will probably develop into a most excellent dog. The youngster was later on awarded the prize as the best pup in the show. Topsy Bristles, who was first in the class for bitches, is an especially good terrier and was awarded the Connaught Challenge Shield for the best animal in the show exhibited by a lady. Only three Irish terriers entered the ring and as a class they were poor as were also the Airedales among whom competition was again restricted to three. Mrs. Duff's bull terrier Sam an excellent dog was first in a commendable class, beating Mrs. Lowndes' Kit, alias Clapham Prince, which was a little short in the head, though having good legs and a good body. In the competition for the Connaught Challenge Shield, Mrs. Duff's dog ran Mrs D. ffolliott Powell's wire haired Topsy Bristles, pretty close and was given the reserve ticket. Subsequently the same animal was given the silver medal presented by the Ladies' Kennel Association. Among grey hounds, a small class, Mr. Douglas Bennett's couple Fly and Norah Creina carried off both prizes, being the best bred hounds of the lot. There was an interesting collection of pug, lap and toy dogs and the winner among them was a delicately shaped black and tan toy terrier owned by Mrs. J. H. Davey. Quite a number of the ladies' pets were Japanese and the second prize was awarded to Mrs. S. E. Evan's Tokio, Mrs. Flewker's "Jap" being very highly commended. Among spaniels and retrievers the first and second were admirable. The winner was Mr. E. P. Close's Essex spaniel Gypsy Miss, a youngster that was very highly commended in the competition for the prize awarded to the best pup in the show. The mixed class was varied and the dogs shown were fairly good. The competition, however, really lay between a Collie, a Dachshund, a Scotch terrier and a Deer hound. In the result the collie, owned by Mr. Fardoonjee Petit, was placed first and Miss Barton's Dachshund was given the second award the other two being very highly commended. The St. Bernards were much admired. The winners was a fine dog belonging to Colonel Anderson, Mr. Colonello's Vecia being second. Lieutenant-Colonel Ball won the prize for the best litter of pups with a litter of good looking wire-haired fox terrier pups. The class for the best pup in the show under twelve months, already referred to, produced a large number of entries. Second to Karari Thistle previously mentioned was its kennel companion D'Orsay's Yeoman and the class generally was highly commendable. The Gold Medal given by the Ladies' Kennell Association it was decided to award to the best dog bred in the country and this was adjudged to Mr. D. ffolliott Powell's wire haired terrier pup Karari Thistle. The judges on the list were Captain Loch, Colonel Anderson, Lieutenant-Colonel Bull, Mr. D. ffolliott Powell and Mr. Massey. Captain Loch judged the terriers unaided. The following were the awards.

AWARDS.

SMOOTH-COATED FOX-TERRIERS. (DOGS).

Lieut.-Col. G. H. Bull's, St. Patrick (by Bob from Patricia) 1
Mrs. E. R. Smetham's Dodger 2

Twenty-one entries.

SMOOTH-COATED FOX-TERRIERS. (Bitches).

Lieut.-Col. G. H. Bull's Pansy (by Bob from Patricia) 1
Mrs. M. May's Jess 2

Eight Entries.

WIRE-HAIRED FOX-TERRIERS. (DOGS).

Mr. D. ffolliott Powell's Karari Thistle (Registered N.I.K.A.) (Humberstone Tristle) 1
Mr. D. ffolliott Powell's Dusky Remus (by Champion Royston—Remus ex Don't Go) 2

Nine Entries.

WIRE-HAIRED FOX-TERRIERS. (BITCHES).

Mrs. D. ffolliott Powell's Topsy Bristles (by Mixed Bristles—Patch of Dalby). 1
Mrs. D. ffolliott Powell's Dusky Kitty (by Don't Go-Bang—Dusky Twitcher)...... 2

Seven Entries.

IRISH TERRIERS.

Mrs. G. S. Hewett's Beechgrove Ruddy (by Mike O'Conner—Eiley Aroon) 1
Mrs. Jameson's Paddy (by Combine—Dam Newton Heath Peach 2

Six Entries.

AIREDALES.

Mrs Wroughton's bitch Jill (By Ventnor ex Vic.) 1
Mrs Wroughton's dog Jack by Broadlands Bunkum Jill 2

Six entries.

BULL-TERRIERS.

Mrs E M E Duff's dog Sam 1
Mrs E R Lowndes' dog Kit alias Clapham Prince by Brighton Victor—Clapham Lady 2

Nine entries.

GREYHOUNDS.

Mr Douglas Bennett's bitch Fly 1
Do „ Norah Creina ... 2

Six entries.

PUG, LAP, AND TOY DOGS.

Mrs J H Davey's dog Punch II 1
Mrs S E Evans' „ Tokio 2

Ten entries.

SPANIELS AND RETRIEVERS.

Mr E P Close's bitch Gypsy Miss (Crusoe) (Chummy) 1
Miss Anderson's dog Ben 2

Eight entries.

OTHER BREEDS NOT ENTERED IN CLASSES 1 TO 10.

Mr Furdonjee Petit's Collie 1
Miss Barton's Dachshund Fritz 2
Mrs W H Quicke's Scotch Terrier dog Undercliffe Devil by (Undercliffe—Knock-out Monto)
Col J Anderson's Deerhound bitch Gowrie II.

Seventeen entries.

ST. BERNARD'S

Col J Anderson's St Bernard dog Leo 1
Mrs S Colonello's St Bernard bitch Vecia ... 2

Five entries.

BEST LITTER OF PUPS (AGE NOT OVER 3 MONTHS.

Lieut-Col G H Bull's litter of wire-haired Fox-terrier Pups, Billy from Godstow—Rosamund 1

Six entries.

BEST PUP IN THE SHOW UNDER 12 MONTHS.

Mr D ffolliott Powell's Fox-Terrier dog Karari Thistle Registered N I K A (Humberstone Thistle) 1
Mrs D ffolliott Powell's dog D'Orsay's Yeoman (By Champion D'Orsay—Topsy Bristles 2

Twenty-one Entries.

SPECIALS.

(Prizes presented by the Ladies' Kennel Association.)

The CONNAUGHT CHALLENGE SHIELD and Scroll, for the best dog or bitch owned and exhibited by a Lady.

Mr. D. ffolliot Powell's fox terrier bitch Topsy Bristles by mixed Bristles—Patch of Dalby 1
Mrs. E. M. E. Duff's bull terrier dog Sam ... 2

SILVER MEDAL.

Mrs. E. M. E. Duff's Sam 1

Gold Medal presented by the Ladies' Kennel Association for the best dog bred in the country—Mr. D. ffolliott Powell's Karari Thistle........... 1

IT is said to be practically settled that the Cis-Indus parts of the Dera Ismail Khan district will not be included in the new frontier province, and it is not finally decided that such parts of the Trans-Indus portion of that district as are completely settled and peaceable are to be transferred from the Punjab, although they probably will be. No selection has yet been made of summer headquarters for the new province: in fact there is an immense amount of detail to be worked out with regard to the administration, judicial, political and revenue, of the new province, and the task of completing the severance is found to be a very heavy one.

QUARTERS FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The question about which I am going to write in this letter is one which ought to have attracted the attention of the authorities and the benevolent public long since. But unfortunately it has been constantly ignored by both. Things, however have now come to a pass that unless this particular grievance of the medical students is ventilated, I fear the cry of the medical students is destined to be a cry in the wilderness. The J. J. Hospital, one of the biggest, if not the biggest, hospital in India and the Grant Medical College are situated in a locality which even in normal times is conspicuously unhealthy. The whole district is congested to a degree and the population certainly is not remarkable for its cleanliness. Whenever an epidemic rages in Bombay death holds a regular "Durbar" at Byculla and many of those who are being educated to fight death and disease are themselves victims to both. Every year since plague made its appearance in Bombay young, promising students have been lost through this dread disease. It must be remembered that for the whole of the Bombay Presidency, the Central Provinces and the Berars, there is only one Medical College. It is no wonder therefore that the majority of students in Grant Medical College are from the mofussil. The hours of attendance unlike any other college, are extremely irregular—Ward attendance and dissection early in the morning, lectures in the noon. Surely such irregular hours of attendance ought to have caused the authorities to take some steps in the direction of residential quarters for medical students. Nothing of the sort has, however, been done, nor has the channel of Bombay's public charity flowed in this direction. Under these circumstances the students have to shift for themselves and that to a locality like Byculla. The Bombay Improvement Trust has evinced a good deal of interest for the masses of Bombay, and the Trustees have got a number of irons in the fire. It will be some years before they metamorphose Bombay. Will it be too much to ask them to take the case of the medical students into their consideration? The Bombay Corporation also ought to join hands with the Trust. Surely we, medical students, have some claim on our civic fathers. In our own way, we medical students (physicians in embryo) will be able to repay whatever is done for us. The (houses I was going to say, but truthfully I cannot use that word) rickety structures in which we breath the pestilential air of Byculla are chiefly U.H.H. (unfit for human habitation) and really ought to be demolished. They are a disgrace to Bombay and a curse to medical students, who, like beggars, cannot be choosers in the selection of their lodgings and are forced to wallow in whatever slum is handy and close to the medical college. This year we have already lost three students through plague and from the daily returns you will have noticed that Byculla is still the place where plague continues to prevail. The medical students will willingly pay double the rent which they have now to pay if quarters are provided for them. There are large plots of vacant land in the compound of the J. J. Hospital which can easily be utilised. Surely when scavengers mill hands and others are being looked after, something ought to be done for us medical students. I hope that you will give us poor students the help of your powerful voice, and thus get rid of a state of things which is little short of a public scandal.—

Yours, etc.,

N. V.

THE INSANITARY CONDITION OF THANA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The plea of infancy is usually put forth in certain quarters in defence of the unsatisfactory working of Local Self-Government. Time has abundantly proved the hollowness of it. The world believes in evolution. An infant which gives no indication of growing to boyhood, must certainly be subject to some organic disease. It requires the skill of a physician to diagnose the disease and to find a remedy. The remarks made by a certain native official member against the working of Local Self-Governments at the Legislative Council the other day may not be cherished by a certain class of people; but those who are in touch with their actual working cannot but be convinced of the ring of truth about the remarks.

The highly insanitary state of Thana suggests these reflections to me. Our municipality has been in existence for a long time. But it has done very little, in fact nothing, to put the sanitation of the city on a sound basis. Its predominant note is its conservatism. It has not profited, nor does it chose to profit even now, by the example of its neighbouring Municipality, the Bombay Municipality. It forgets the fact that the first and foremost duty of a Municipality is to watch scrupulously over the sanitation of a town committed to its charge. As His Excellency Lord Curzon remarked in his replies to the several Municipal addresses, every Municipality ought to maintain a sound system of drainage. It must, at any rate, devote a large portion of its funds to secure this principal object. I am sorry to say that our Municipality has not fulfilled its obligation in connection with this subject. One has only to look at the accumulated filth even on the high roads to be convinced of this. There is no arrangement to carry off the sewage, &c.

The wretched condition of the roads, the dim light shed by the lamps—the benefit of which none else but the lamp-post enjoys—and the supply of impure water are some of the notable features of our Municipality.

The evil is to be attributed to the lamentable lack of administrative capacity on the part of the executive. There is a singular want of real workers. If our Municipality can command half a dozen more workers like our esteemed energetic octogenarian, I mean Rao Bahadur Gupte, there is some chance of improvement. The public is tired of the ornamentals. It is to be wondered at that the sanitation of the town should be at its lowest ebb when the Municipality has at its head a doctor. I have had to tresspass on your valuable space in sheer despair. If these lines draw the attention of those who are responsible for the sanitation of our town, and urge them to direct their energies towards its improvement, you will be conferring an inestimable boon on the people of or Thana.—Yours, &c.,

Thana, March 8. A CITIZEN.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 15.

Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CROWE.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

110—Matubhai J and M—Anpoonabai widow vs Purshotum Lala and others—Sorabjee and J.
123—Ardeshir H D and Co—Jairam Giga vs Tricumdas Muljee and others—Little and Co.
1129—Ardeshir H D and Co—Ruttonjee Jamsetjee Tata vs Marwadi Jetmal Ramanand and another—Payne G S and M.
1130—Mulla and M—Hoorbai widow vs Sooleman Abdul Vahid—Framjee and D.
1136—Crawford B and Co—L W G Rivett-Carnac vs The New Mofussil Co—Payne G S and M.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice B. TYABJEE.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

217-99—Payne G S and M—Jethmal Ramanand and another vs The B B and C I R Co—Crawford B and Co—Part heard.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice RUSSEL.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

573-99—Mansuklal D and J—Gordhundas Soonderdas vs Bai Ramkuvar and others—Smetham B and N and Edgelow G and W. Part heard.

THE STUDIO comes out in a new spring garb of light green, the February number being the first of a new volume. Gabriel Mourey contributes an article on "French Coloured Etchings". This is an art that has been lately revived; fine specimens are given of the work in this medium by various distinguished draughtsmen. An account of the Glasgow Art Gallery and Mr. George Frampton's work in connection with it is another interesting and well illustrated paper. "Maori Houses" are treated of by Mr. C. I. Pretorius giving an idea of the care that was lavished on the wood work of old Maori buildings. The modern houses of this powerful but now decaying people are not what they were, but the writer has managed to show the readers of the Studio the elaborate carving which formerly decorated their buildings. The designs are grotesque, indeed, but well carried out, though the tools were mostly of stone. They spared no pains in getting the sort of wood, at the right stage of growth and properly seasoned. The lintels and posts present the strangest designs, all done rudely but effectively and in many cases coloured. In modern decorative work, we have that of Edwin H. Blashfield, an American, described by Ernest Knaufft. He studied under Gerome in Paris and early showed talent, exhibiting in the Salon three years after he began study in Paris. He has done much in decorating public buildings in America. We are given a fair idea of interior decorations by W. G. and A. J. Penty, and George Walton, who have been let work their will in the delightful rooms of "Elm Bank," Mr. Sidney Leetham's house. Studio-Talk, as usual, gives the best new work done in the various centres of art in Europe. Interesting pictures are the landscapes of a trio of competitors for the Creswick Prize, "A Stream through a Meadow," and the pictures that took the studio prizes and got honorable mention are excellent this month.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 5th March:—

Submitted Government Resolution, General Department, dated 26th June 1900, directing that the Director-in-Chief, Plague Research Laboratory, should be requested to make a bacteriological examination of the water in the basins in the Bombay Harbour with a view to find out if any germs of Cholera can be detected in it.

Read minute by the Chairman, dated 28th February 1901, concurred in by the members of the Bunders Committee, saying that from 3 to 5 feet of mud has collected in the Carnac Basin since it was last completely dredged in 1894, but the surface of the mud is about a foot lower than it was, before it was dredged in 1894, that the west end which was again dredged in 1899 has resilted and is still very offensive, that as far as traffic requirements are concerned the complete re-dredging might be deferred for another year, but on sanitary grounds it is advisable to clear it again this monsoon, which is the most convenient time for the work, the basins being then pretty free and the dredging plant being available; observing that the west end did not silt very rapidly after the complete dredging in 1894, but the experience of 1899 appears to show that dredging the west end by itself is very little good, and recommending that the Basin should be completely dredged during next monsoon; adding that the expenditure has been duly budgetted for Rs. 23,731, of which Rs. 5,040 is for depreciation and Rs. 18,691 is for working expenses.

Resolution.—The estimate amounting to Rs. 23,731 for dredging the Carnac Basin is sanctioned against the provision made under item of the Budget, 1901-1902, and the work may be proceeded with during the ensuing monsoon.

PROPERTY SURVEY.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 1st February 1901 requesting that his letters dated, respectively, the 20th February and 1st March 1899, about the proposed survey of the Port Trust property may be considered in connection with the Budget Estimates for 1901-1902, saying that Mr. Tapsell, late of the Survey of India, is now engaged with a competent staff in making a complete survey of the Northern part of the Island for the Bombay Improvement Trust, and suggesting that he be asked if he could carry out the proposed survey.

Submitted the two letters from the Engineer above referred to, urging that the want of an accurate detailed survey of the whole of the Port Trust property, which has been seriously felt for many years, may be taken in hand at an early date.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 11th February 1901, reporting that at the request of the Chairman he has seen Mr. Tapsell and explained to him the survey required, the area being from the Mint up to the P. & O. Dock Yard, or the point where the Improvement Trust survey begins, as shewn on a litho, which work he is prepared to undertake for Rs. 20,000, adding that it has been explained to Mr. Tapsell that it is not necessary to survey the Docks in detail as all particulars are given in the office plans, also that no temporary buildings, coal or firewood heaps &c., need be noted.

Submitted letter from Mr. C. E Tapsell, addressed to the Engineer, dated 9th February 1901, expressing his willingness to undertake the work above referred to for Rs. 20,000, the scale to be 49 feet to the inch, the work to be begun early in March and all the maps to be submitted by the 1st December 1901, earlier if possible.

Submitted note by the Chairman, dated 15th February 1901.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 21st February 1901, saying that he has an accurate survey of the land between Prince's Dock and the Port Trust workshops, so that no detail there is necessary, and that Mr. Tapsell is willing to reduce his estimate by Rs. 2,000 if details on this area are not required.

Resolution:—The recommendations of the Land Committee are approved and Mr. Tapsell's offer should be accepted on the understanding stated.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

Pilotage Statement.—

	For week ending 1st March 1901.	Total from 1st April 1900 to 1st March 1901.	For week ending 1st March 1900.	Total from 1st April 1899 to 1st March 1900.
Vessels piloted into Harbour	13	913		
„ „ out of	24	931	21	922
„ transported	11	598	15	619
„ attended to	2	71	2	52
„ warped	1	52	0	59

THE CENSUS.

RETURNS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

LARGE DECREASES OF POPULATION.

Mr. Enthoven, the Provincial Superintendent of the Census, forwards us the complete returns for the Presidency. The figures are as follows:—

District.	Population in 1891	Population of 1901	Percentage of increase, or decrease.
Ahmedabad	921,712	795,094	—13·73
Kaira	871,589	715,725	—17·88
Broach	341,490	291,423	—14·65
Panch Mahals	313,417	261,870	—16·44
Surat	649,989	636,602	— 2·05
Thana	904,868	809,361	—10·55
Kolaba	509,584	605,165	+18·75
Khandesh	1,460,851	1,442,018	— 1·28
Ratnagiri	1,105,926	1,166,890	+ 5·51
Ahmednagar	888,755	837,774	— 5·73
Sholapore	750,689	720,978	— 3·95
Satara	1,225,989	1,146,521	— 6·48
Nassik	843,582	819,575	— 2·84
Poona	1,067,800	995,074	— 6·81
Belgaum	1,013,261	994,209	— 1·84
Dharwar	1,051,314	1,113,426	+ 5·97
Bijapur	796,339	735,041	— 7·69
Kanara	446,351	454,258	+ 1·78
Total Presidency Proper	15,163,006	14,540,989	—4·11
Karachi	564,889	607,439	+7·58
Hyderabad	918,646	990,502	+7·82
Shikarpur	915,497	1,018,237	+11·22
Thar and Parkar	298,203	364,168	+22·15
Upper Sind Frontier	174,548	232,462	+27·45
Total for Sind	2,871,774	3,212,808	+10·61
Aden	44,079	41,222	—6·48
Bombay	821,764	770,843	—6·19
Grand Total	18,901,123	18,565,862	—1·77

NATIVE STATES.

District.	Population in 1891.	Population in 1901.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
Cutch	558,415	487,374	—12·72
Palanpur	645,526	467,691	—27·62
Mahi Kantha	581,568	361,508	—37·84
Kathiawar	2,752,404	2,327,456	—15·43
Rewa Kantha	733,506	478,899	—34·71
Cambay	89,722	75,122	—16·27
Surat Agency	181,208	161,010	—11·14
Jawhar	52,831	47,204	—10·65
Janjira	81,780	85,392	+ 4·41
Sawantwadi	192,948	217,800	+12·88
The Dangs	32,920	18,634	—43·39
Surgana	12,398	11,534	— 6·96
Bhor	155,669	137,269	—11·81
Akalkot	75,774	82,052	+ 8·28
Satara Agency	131,529	109,614	—16·66
Kolhapur Principality	913,131	910,175	— ·32
Southern Maratha Jaghirs	719,056	694,886	— ·33
Sawanur	16,973	18,446	+ 8·65
Khairpur	131,937	199,565	+51·25
Total for the States	8,059,298	6,891,691	—14·48
Total for districts including Bombay and Aden	18,901,123	18,565,862	— 1·77
Total for Native States	8,059,298	6,891,691	—14·48
Grand Total for Bombay Presidency	26,960,421	25,457,553	— 5·57

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INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BOMBAY WHEAT.

THE second memorandum on the wheat crop of the Bombay Presidency for the season of 1900-1901.—

(Information generally up to 20th February.)

Total area returned in Presidency, including Sind and Native States. 15·4-5 lakhs acres or 4 per cent. over last year's area, but 43 per cent. below average. Decrease below average general, and due chiefly to insufficiency of late rains. Dry-crop in Presidency suffered more or less through deficiency of moisture, and expected to yield poor to fair outturn. Irrigated crop better, but suffered from scantiness of well-water and cloudy weather. The Sind crop generally good.

Gujarat.—Area 162,000 acres; half of average. Decrease due to scanty late rains. Damage from cloudy weather, excessive cold and insects reported from places. Crop fair in south, but poor in north.

Gujarat States.—Area 395,000 acres; 4 per cent. below average. Injury from frost reported from Halar; elsewhere crop in fair condition.

Deccan.—Area 234,000 acres; 70 per cent. below average. Decrease general and due to deficiency of rains for sowing. In Khandesh and Satara dry-crop suffered slightly from deficiency of moisture; elsewhere mostly withered. Irrigated crop, where not damaged through cloudy weather, fair in Khandesh, Nasik and Satara; elsewhere suffered to some extent through deficiency of water.

Deccan States.—Area 7,400 acres; one-third of average. As in neighbouring British Districts dry-crop withered in most places and irrigated crop suffering from deficiency of water in wells.

Karnatak.—Area 256,000 acres; less than half of last year's and 47 per cent. below average. Decrease mainly in Bijapur and eastern parts of Belgaum and Dharwar and due to deficiency of rains for sowing. Dry-crop withered in most places in Bijapur; elsewhere suffered to less extent from want of moisture.

Karnatak States.—Area 58,000 acres; 39 per cent below average. Decrease due to deficiency of timely rain for sowing. Irrigated crop fair. Dry-crop withering in places.

Sind.—Area 399,000 acres; 14 per cent. below average. Decrease in Karachi due to wheat lands near Manchar being under water at sowing time and in Thar and Parkar to one canal being closed for rabi cultivation this year; elsewhere water-supply good. Slight damage from locusts reported from places in Hyderabad; elsewhere crop in good condition.

Khairpur.—Area 21,000 acres. Water-supply favourable. Crop good.

BOMBAY LINSEED AND RAPESEED.

Second memorandum on the linseed and rapeseed crops of the Bombay Presidency for the season of 1000-1901, Information generally up to 20th February:—

Gujarat.—Area 3,200 acres; 130 per cent. below average. Sowing rains deficient. Crops suffering from deficiency of moisture.

Gujarat States.—Area 230 acres; crop fair.

Deccan.—Area 56,000 acres; 52 per cent. over last year's but 71 per cent. under the average. In Khandesh alone more than half the average area has been sown; elsewhere cultivation considerably restricted oving to scantiness of late rains. The crop has suffered everywhere from want of moisture and that in the eastern tracts has almost withered away.

Deccan States.—Area 1,380 acres; one-eighth of average. In Akalkot larger area placed under kharif crops. Crop in middling condition.

Karnatak.—Area 30,000 acres; one-third of average. Decrease due to deficiency of rain for sowing. The crop has suffered from want of moisture and has almost withered away in Bijapur and eastern parts of Belgaum and Dharwar; elsewhere condition fair.

Karnatak States.—Area 2,300 acres; 63 per cent. below average. Crop withering as in neighbouring British Districts.

Gujarat.—Area 670 acres; one-sixth of average. Condition of crop middling from want of moisture.

Gujarat States.—Area 37,000 acres; 36 per cent. below average. More than two-thirds of the area is in Baroda, where rain for sowing was sufficient. The crop has suffered everywhere from want of moisture and is only in fair condition.

Sind.—Area 96,000 acres; 55 per cent. over last year's, but 52 per cent. under the average. The increase over last year's area is attributed to high inundation and better water-supply. Crop slightly damaged from locusts in four talukas of Hyderabad; elsewhere condition fairly good.

Khairpur.—6,700 acres under the crop. Water supply sufficient and condition of crop good.

THE CRISIS IN NORTH CHINA.

PROPOSED MILITARY COMMANDANT OF TIENTSIN.

IT is reported that General Chang Kaoyuan, one of Governor Yuan Shih-kai's military officers in Shantung, has been recommended by Li Hung-chang to the Throne to be the future Military Commandant of Tientsin when the anticipated withdrawal of the Allied forces takes place. It may be interesting to our readers to know that General Chang Kao-yuan was the Cammandant of the Chinese forces at Tsingtao and Kiaochou when these places were taken possession of by the German naval forces.

THE CHUCHOU MASSACRE.

The delay that has occurred in settling the above matter between the British authorities and the Chinese Government, according to a reliable correspondent at Hangchow, has been productive of much harm to British prestige. In the first place such delay means "fear" in the eyes of the Chinese and shows that the British dare not push their claims for the decapitation of Yung Ch'uan (Manchu), the Treasurer of Chekiang, the chief instigator of the Chuchou massacre, who, when the decree of Prince Tuan and the Empress Dowager ordering the general massacre of all foreigners in the Empire arrived at Hangchow from Peking in July last, and Governor Liu Shu-t'ang hesitated to publish the same, preferring to first consult with the Nanking Viceroy on the matter, compelled Governor Liu to issue the same, offering to take the whole responsibility on his own shoulders. Moreover when Young Ch'uan compelled Governor Liu to sanction the said decree, thereby bringing on the Chuchou massacre, the former, Yung Ch'uan, was Provincial Judge only of Chekiang. Instead of being removed from this post and imprisoned to await punishment, Yung Ch'uan received the approval of the Empress Dowager for what he had done and was promoted Provincial Treasurer of the very province where he had caused the massacre. Nothing was then done to get this Manchu savage removed and put out of the way. It so happened that when the British authorities first charged the Chekiang high provincial authorities with murder, and demanded the execution of the chief instigators and ringleaders of the Chuchou massacre the mandarins of the whole country were trembling as to the fate awaiting them for their misdeeds, owing to the summary execution of the high officials of Chihli province at Paoting; and the Chinese Government was willing to carry every wish of the Foreign Powers as to the punishment of guilty officials. But through the delay in pushing these and other demands, the startling effects of the Paoting executions have gradually faded. Every native in Shanghai and Chekiang knows that Young Ch'uan's head has been demanded by the British authorities as well as the head of Pao Ho-nien, Taotai of Chuchou, and a number of others, but owing to the delay and indifference of the British authorities in pushing their claims it is freely stated amongst the mandarins and people of this port and at Hangchow that neither Yung Ch'uan nor Pao Taotai is likely to be beheaded now for the Chuchou massacre? It appears that the friends of these two guilty mandarins have been spreading about the news that Yung and Pao's case has been taken up by certain high mandarins in Shanghai and Peking whose influence with the foreign officials is very great, and that they have managed to get the sentences commuted.

As we have before stated, Peking and not Shanghai is responsible for this damaging delay.—N C Herald." (Feb. 18.)

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	5	1	5
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	20	24	63
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Khumbharwada	27	35	69
D Khetwady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	37	18	33
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	46	43	105
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	29	8	18
G Mahim and Worli	14	18	28
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	28	38
Total	178	175	359
Total plague deaths to date	89,274	74,381	
Same date last year	131	127	426

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, March 14.)

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the closing of all public offices from Wednesday the 3rd to Tuesday the 9th April 1901, both days inclusive, on account of the Easter holidays. Heads of offices should arrange for the despatch of any emergent business, especially that connected with measures of famine relief, which may arise during the holidays.

It is hereby notified that Government will assemble at Mahabaleshvar on Monday the 25th March 1901.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr C N Seddon I C S is granted privilege leave for six weeks.

Lieut Col J W Wray Political Agent Savantvadi has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension till the 9th August.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J DeC Atkins I C S to be Political Agent Aundh and Phaltan.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A R Bonus I C S to act as Political Agent Surgana pending further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following transfers of Second Class Subordinate Judges:—Khan Saheb Ratanji Mancherji Subordinate Judge Junnar to be Subordinate Judge Yaval vice Rao Saheb Shivram Gangadhar Mandlik reverting to the Revenue Dept; Rao Saheb Nilkant Krishna Bapat acting Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge and doing duty at Mahad to do duty as Subordinate Judge Junnar.

Mr. R J C Lord I C S is granted privilege leave for three months from the 6th April.

Mr L H Spence Dist Sup of Police Ahmednagar is granted privilege leave for three months from the 23rd March or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it to be followed by furlough for nine months;

The Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments;—Mr A H M Ostrehan to act as Dist Supt of Police in the Ahmednagar Dist Mr T J B Thatcher to be Dist Sup of Police in the Karachi Dist; Mr J A Guider to act as Dist Sup and of Police in the Shikarpur Dist;

Mr J E Down, Inspr Genl of Police is granted privilege leave for three months from the 2nd May 1901 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to be followed by furlough for nine months;

The Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr L G Fernandez, retiring;—Rao Bahadur Nagardas Narotamdas Nadavati, Second Grade Subordinate Judge; to be First Grade Subordinate Judge; Rao Bahadur Mahadev Shridhar Kulkarni, Third Grade Subordinate Judge to be Second Grade Subordinate Judge; and Rao Saheb Lallubhai Pranvallab Parikh Second Class First Grade, Subordinate Judge to be First Class, Third Grade Subordinate Judge and to be First Class Subordinate Judge Poona.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr Ganesh Sakharam Hinge to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests Central Circle; Mr Bajibhai Jabhavbhai Patel L C E to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests Sind Circle.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr W H McCann retiring:—Mr F J A Hill to be second Class Ast Collr of Salt Revenue; Mr H M Judge to be Third Class Asst Collr of Salt Revenue; Mr H Wadham to be Fourth Class Asst Collr of Salt Revenue.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr G Carmichael I C S to be Junior Collr vice Mr C G Dodgson I C S deceased.

Mr R A L Moore I C S Collector of Nasik is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months in combination with furlough for nine months from or after 6th April.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govrnor in Council is pleased to re-appoint the following gentlemen members of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi, viz;—Mr W E Young Major J A Bell Assut Adj Genl Sind District.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr W E Young to be Vice Chairman of the said Board of Trustees.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr E H Hoogwerf retiring:—Mr. Kashinath Narayen Sane B A to be Head Master Belgaum High School; Rao Saheb Kashinath Ganesh Kelkar B A to be Principal Poona Training College; Mr Maheshwar Dhonddeo Joshi B A to be substantive pro tem Vice Principal Poona Training College.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut Col K A Dalal M B C M I M S Civil Surgeon Dhulia is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr B A Brendon I C S to be Inspr of Factories within the limits of the Nagar Taluka, officially subordinate to the Dist Mag e of Ahmednagar.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint on the expiration of their present term of office the following gentlemen to be members of the Board of Trustees under the City of Bombay Improvement Act 1898: Mr J Wilcocks; Lieut Col H D Olivier R E Assoc M Inst C E; and Mr F C Macrae.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT (PLAGUE).

The services of Capt A M Doveton 1st Bo Grenadiers and Lieut H E Browne I S C 12th Bo Infy are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Home Dept.

Lieut W H I Shakespear I S C 17th Bengal Lancers has been appointed on Plague duty under the Municipal Commr for the City of Bombay.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr J Ellis who is engaged as a temporary (Executive) Engineer is appointed Relief Ex Engr Panch Mahals Dist.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to promote Mr P K Chitale L C E Ex Engr 3rd Grade to Ex Engr 2nd Grade permanent.

Lieut and Deputy Asst Commissary C Veale Asst Engr 3rd Grade is granted leave in India for one year.

PASSENGERS PER S.S. D. BALDUINO.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian s.s. D. Balduino, Commander Chev. G. B. Gavino sailing this afternoon, from Victoria Dock. Shed No. 3, passengers are requested to be there for medical inspection at 4 p.m.

FOR ADEN—Mrs Mannsell

FOR PORTSAID.

Mrs Clogstown Nurse and child
Mr Gregory
Rev Le Lacheur

FOR MALTA—Mr and Mrs Queripel

FOR NAPLES.

Mr and Mrs Mayes
Lt-Col and Mrs Ravenshaw

FOR GENOA.

Mrs Berthod and two sons
Rev Blaich
Mr Bortolo
Capt Coles
Miss Christian
Capt and Mrs Ducat
Mr F Fachira
Mr and Mrs Geake
Mr Hall
Rev Hohn
Mrs Homans
Mr Herbert
Mr and Mrs Kearns and two children
Mr and Mrs Jacobs
Mrs Johnson and six children
Mr and Mrs Macnabb
Mrs and Miss Macdonell
Mr and Mrs Mitchell
General Morton Lady and Miss
Mr Manzoli
Mr Mynn
Mr and Mrs Lutz and child
Mr Lyons
Mr and Mrs Pueshing
Sister Patrizia
Mr Rutheford
Rev Sani
Miss Scasholtz
Mr and Mrs Simmons
Mrs Sinclair and five daughters
Doctor Stanley
Capt Sartorio
Rev Tagliabue
Two sisters of Charity

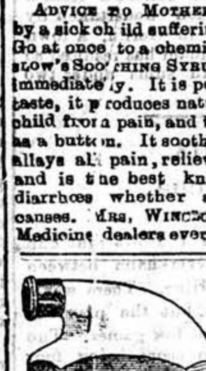
and 40 dock.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters and letters, addressed "Post Office," Bombay:—

Allard, A
Allen, C Miss
Arkins J T
Ash H A H
Bailey Laura E Miss
Bharamjee, B D
Bhohm Edward
Blow T B
Brener M Miss
Caillot E
Cameron Mrs
Cassula N
Couch J C S
Cresson W P
Daly W
Dubas, F C
Dumas Joseph
Fleetwood A E Miss
Freilich Marous
Freseman Noiech
Gast W
Gray W S
Haskayne W Miss
Hepstein H
Hepper H M
Hillgoll T Miss
King, C W
Kumerling, T
Lauber, Jacob
Mauski H
Masters, M Miss
McLachlan J
Meer Sina Miss
Murray G H
North, P B
Parker W F Mrs
Peyton Mrs
Pollacoff R Mrs
Presman N
Rodgers Mrs
Rubinstain, Mannl, Mrs
Sauft Leon
Schwartz P Miss
Sen W N
Shroeter C Miss
Soares, N
Stoph A
Toyan Motel
Turner Miss
Upton, F. G.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in you rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeths, Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere a 1s. 1½d. per bottle.



THE BEST FOR THE TEETH
Odol.
PRICE R2
THE ODOL BOTTLE (Patented throughout the world) is a unique ornament for every toilet table, and its use is novel and easy. (See Illustration.)

THE TASTE OF ODOL

is exceedingly agreeable, refreshing, and powerful. The cleaning of the teeth with Odol is, practically, as refreshing for the mouth as a bath is for the body.

WHOLESALE:—BERTIE-SMITH & Co., Ltd., 23 to 31, Apollo Street, Bombay, Sole Consignees for British-India.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

There does not seem to have been recalled in connection with the accession of Queen Alexandra the charming compliment paid to her some years ago by little Lord Wolmer, grandson of the Prime Minister, and heir of the Earl of Selborne. The then Prince and Princess of Wales were on a visit to Hatfield, with the Princesses Maud and Victoria. Lord Wolmer, who was then aged four, expressed an eager desire to be introduced to the Princess of Wales, and he was presented by Lady Selborne to her Royal Highness and her two daughters. A short while afterwards, in the presence of the Prince of Wales, he was asked by his illustrious grandfather if he had seen the Princess. "Oh, no, grandfather," he answered in a rather disappointed tone, "I saw the three young Princesses; but the Princess of Wales was not there."—"Birmingham Post."

Sir Colin Macrae, ex-chairman of the Edinburgh School Board, has been giving his opinion on the young smoker. "I concur," he says, "with those who regard with some alarm the increasing prevalence of cigarette-smoking among boys of school age. As to the remedy, I am not prepared to say that some expedents adopted by Scottish School Boards commend themselves to my judgment. It does not appear to me to be expedient to refuse to admit boys to compete for bursaries on this ground. Why, should a boy be prohibited from doing what is right as a penalty for having done what is wrong?" That seems sound.

In "Harmsworth's Magazine," just issued for February, there is an illustrated sketch of Lord Salisbury's career, in which it is remarked that most public speakers have their little peculiarities, and the Premier generally speaks best when he rests his elbow on something. In the House of Lords he usually piles up some books for this purpose on the corner of the table. On one occasion somebody removed one of these books—a work of reference—and Lord Salisbury was visibly embarrassed in his speech until it was replaced. At home he is curiously conservative in many things, and maintains quite a feudal system on his estate. If he could have his own way he would like all lights—his own included—to be out by nine o'clock at night. Yet he is keenly alive to the advantages if scientific progress.

Future records of the impressions made on English visitors by the American railway system will be lacking in what hitherto has been a staple ingredient. Scarcely any observer has omitted to complain of the importunities of the train-boy, with his merchandise of bananas and candies and chewing gum and dime novels. But several of the leading companies have at last decreed that their cars shall be freed from such intrusions. It is recognised that the better supply of bookstalls and refreshment rooms, to say nothing of dining-cars, has made the services of the pedlar unnecessary. There will be few regrets at his disappearance, but it shoud not be forgotten that the custom now to be abolished gave Edison his first opportunities.

An interesting Tennyson story is given in M. G Dessommes's article on the late poet in the "Revue de Paris." Long after the battle of Balaclava one of the survivors, who had been wounded in another battle, was sent to the hospital at Scutari. His mind seemed gone, and it was the general impression that he was incurable. One of the medical men prescribed leeches as a last resort, and while sitting by his side, tried vainly to rouse him to speak. A copy of Tennyson's "Charge of the Light Brigade" had been given to the doctor that morning, and he began to read it aloud. It worked a transformation in the patient. His eyes blazed with excitement, he began to give a description of the deadly charge, and then asked to have the poem read to him once more. From that moment he began to recover, and before long was dismissed completely cured. This is a pretty story; but ought not the leeches to be allowed some little share in the triumph of this cure?

It is impossible to overate the importance of the movement which is extending, day by day, in London, for the embellishment of the interiors of dining-halls, restaurants, and even public houses. The days of gerish gold and glitter reflected in countless mirrors, of painted cupids and flower-garlands, of flamboyant ornament and depraved rococo are over, and the diner of the XX. century will be able to take his repast in harmonious and artistic surroundings. The significance of this change lies in the fact that there is a distinct demand for this improvement on the part of the public—else the proprietors of hotels and restaurants would shrink from the enormous expenditure entailed by the new stile of decoration—and in the scope given to British decorative by this new field of activity, at a time when large easel-pictures have fallen into disfavour, and when important commissions for the decoration of public buildings are almost invariably placed with those who are at least competent to do the work entrusted to them. It is an anomalous state of things that St. Paul's Cathedral and the Ambulatory of the Royal Exchange are being turned into places to be shunned by persons of artistic sensibility, whilst restaurateurs are turning their dining-halls into museums of modern art.—"The Artist,"

The Rev. Dr. Lawes, the pioneer New Guinea missionary of the London Missionary Society, has arrived in Sydney by the mission steamer John Williams, on furlough. He is on his way to England, but expects to remain in Sydney until the end of February Dr. Lawes was the first settler in New Guinea 26 years ago. There was no white man in the country when he went there. The developments of the country, he says, have been like those in all countries similarly situated, making for good and evil. "New Guinea has not come very much under the white man's influence, apart from the Government. The London Missionary Society is extending its mission work this year with three new European missionaries. There are thirteen altgether now on the staff the largest number the Society has yet had in New Guinea and the work is more encouraging than ever. Federation," Dr. Lawes thinks, "ought to make a great difference in the development of New Guinea. No one State can control New Guinea. The Federal Parliament will be responsible for the large number of natives in New Guinea who come under their care. We think that Federation will be for the benefit of New Guinea. All questions relating thereto are more likely to be fairly discussed." Dr. Lawes is taking to England with him a revised translation of the New Testament in the Motu language, which will serve the district where he labours, and of which Port Moresby is the centre.—"Sydney Daily Telegraph."

Lady Farnborough spent the last years of her long life in a corner house in Wilton Crescent, where she still sometimes entertained. She used to spend the winter in lodgings at Brighton, and it was there that she died. Though short of stature, she was a dignified little woman, dressing always very richly in black satin, and using a gold mounted walking stick to lean upon. Snow-white hair surmounted a very kindly and expressive face. Lady Farnborough will be sorely missed by all of those who knew her.

The veteran academician Mr. W. P. Frith tells in M. A. P. his experiences of Queen Alexandra as a sitter: "I couldn't get the beautiful bride," he says "to sit still. She did not seem to realise that she must keep her face in one position if the painter was to catch a resemblance of it. I opened my heart to the Prince of Wales. 'You should scold her,' said he. At the same time Gilson, the sculptor, was doing her best at Marlborough House. I was sent for one day by the Prince, and before I was admitted to an interview was shown into the sculptor's studio and found him waiting for a sitting from the Princess. I did not think the bust was very like H. R. H., and I said so, 'Well, you see,' replied Gilson, 'the Princess is a delightful lady, but she can't sit a bit." The Prince and Princess entered at the moment, and the Prince told her that she sat properly neither to Mr. Gilson nor to Mr. Firth. "I do. I do," said the lady, "You are two bad men!" But neither had to complain again of their sitter.

The oldest member of the Society for the Study of Inebriety, Surgeon Major Poole, gave an address recently on "Inebriety a Crime or a Disease?" He held that the society had agreed to a large extent with the opinion of their late president, Dr. Norman Kerr, who had advanced the belief that inebriety was a disease. The question, he held, was worthy of being reopened, and his point was that inebriety was both a crime and a disease. The two conditions were tightly interwoven, and as soon as this was recognised their work would be considerably lightened. The best advice he could give to those suffering from the disease was to keep the company of those who never tasted alcohol.

The national subscription in the Netherlands for the purpose of purchasing a wedding present for Queen Wilhelmina has now reached 250,000 guilders (about £20,000). What form the present will take has hitherto been kept a secret, but according to an "Express" correspondent, it will be a new crown. The committee in making such an offering of course will have to consult Her Majesty as to its propriety. Furthermore, Her Majesty possesses a number of very beautiful stones (rubies, sapphires, emeralds, etc.), and it is proposed that these should be mounted in the new crown, and her consent to this proposal will have to be sought. The construction of the crown is being carried out by Dutch workmen, but it is not to be ready for presentation to Queen Wilhelmina when she visits Amsterdam. A drawing of the present will, however, be given her.

A great international cock-fighting tournament, in which the whole of Northern France and many districts of Belgium were represented, took place in the Hippodrome at Lille. More than forty cock fighting clubs were entered, and the mains were fought on the System of twenty clubs aside, each club putting several birds into ring and the fighting being by "heats" Cock-fighting (the "Express" correspondent says,) has become the national "sport" of Northern France and all day long the town was as crowded as if here had been a great athletic festival.

PURELY PERSONAL.

With a son more separated from him than if he were dead and a wife who could not bear to live even in the same country with him, with his money squandered, his debts ever accumulating, bankrupt in affection, in fortune and in credit, one would think that the prospect of the grave would be welcomed as a relief by ex-King Milan. Yet no happy bride on her wedding morning, no young man just at the height of his most ambitious wishes, could have prayed and pleaded more piteously, more earnestly against the approach of the arch destroyer. The squalor and meanness of King Milan's life shrink into nothingness before that abject death-bed when he screamed out to be spared, not for penitence, not for chances of undoing in some measure the unhappy past, but in order to go on enjoying life as he understood enjoyment, or, in other words, to go on living as he had lived.

In judging of Milan's failures it is but just to remember the difficulties and temptations that beset him. His early training was not well fitted to check the natural defects of his character. At the age of fourteen he found himself an orphan, and Prince of Servia under a Regency. At eighteen he was declared of age, and took the reins of government into his own hands. Since then his adventures have entertained the amateurs of political sensations and domestic scandals for a generation.

General Sir Coleridge Grove, Lord Wolseley's military secretary, who is staying on for a few months at the War Office to give Lord Roberts the benefit of his experience, is the distinguished son of a distinguished father. The late Sir William Grove was a scientist, of whom Faraday once remarked that in the future his discoveries would rank even higher than Darwin's. His invention of the "Grove Battery," and his book on the Correlation of Physical Forces, are the best known results of his scientific labours. Like many men, with families, he found himself obliged to follow a profession more remunerative than abstract research. He chose the law and, after a brilliant career at the Bar, received a judgeship.

Sir William was not only an unworldly, but an essentially retiring man, so that his name was less before the public than that of many a less gifted man; but he preserved up to his death, at eighty-four, a marvellously clear and able mind. His fine old presence was a familiar figure at the Athenæum where he could be seen dining with Herbert Spencer and Professor Huxley; and he had interesting tales to tell of his friendship with Carlyle, Mrs. Carlyle, Dickens, Coleridge (after whom his second son is named) and many other celebrities of the past reign.

His elder son, Mr. Craufurd Grove, won fame as a playwright, being, with Mr. Herman Merrivale, the joint author of "Forget-me-Not." He also adapted Mr. F. C. Philips's "As in a Looking Glass," for Mrs. Bernard Beere. In his younger days he was an ardent Alpine climber, and in company with his brother-in-law, the late R. J. S. Macdonald (whose sister was the beautiful Marechale Canrobert), and Mr. Leslie Stephen, made the ascent of the Matterhorn from a point never before attempted—an exploit which made great noise at the time.

The younger son, General Sir Coleridge Grove, has served Lord Wolseley right well. He held State appointments on both the Egyptian campaigns, and returned from the Soudan Expedition with grey hair, the result of the hard work and anxiety of those trying months. A man of signal personal daring, but great modesty, he does not like it known that at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir he left his Staff duties to charge the trenches with the Highlanders. Sir Coleridge is very popular in London, and a member of the Rag, Oxford and Cambridge, Beef Steak, and Garrick Clubs. Behind a cold, and almost stern demeanour, he hides a big and warm heart. His friends know that there is no better man to apply to in a difficulty than Coleridge Grove. He is a man of many tastes, being not only a good all round sportsman, but what is rarer in a soldier, an ardent lover of painting, and himself an artist of no mean merit, and an exhibitor at the Dudley and other galleries.

When stationed in Ireland, some years ago, he was noted for being able to ride "anything, anywhere;" and nowadays he has the reputation of being one of the best skaters in England. Every winter he takes his leave at St. Moritz, where he is the uncrowned king of the skating rink. Those who have seen him there—the heart and soul of sport and fun—find it difficult to recognise the cold, stern man, the marvellous worker, who organsed the whole of the present mobilisation scheme of the Army.

Sir Coleridge is unmarried, and a great deal of his affection goes to his niece, Mrs. Duff Baker, nee Flora Macdonald, great-grand-daughter of the Jacobite heroine of that name. She is one of the most brilliant and charming of young Society women, and at her pretty house in Curzon Street the Dowager Lady Denbigh, and many others of her devout and intellectual set foregather.

General Baden-Powell is fast acquring the position for so long held by Mr. Gladstone as a writer of pleasant letters to all and sundry, but especially to literary folk. He has just sent a charming note to Mrs. Mayne Reid, acknowledging the receipt of a copy of her recently published biography of her husband, poor, briliant Captain Mayne Reid. In the course of it he says: "I shall read the book with the greatest interest, since he, in his writings, was one of my earliest instructors—and always my favourite author. This amounts to an admission that B. P. gained many of his first ideas of scouting from the stories of an adventurous Irishman whose own life was as romantic and exciting asthelnrid plot of any of his novels.

Mr. Patrick Duncan, who has just been appointed Treasurer of the Transvaal, is only twenty-nine years of age. A contributor who knows him, and who has been a neighbour of his in the East-end, says that news of the appointment came as a complete surprise even to Mr. Duncan's personal friends. If anyone but Mr. Duncan's own mother were to say that his years do not exceed twenty-two or three, the most accurate guesser of age might be satisfied with the information, so youthful and ruddy and straight is this latest South African recruit. He is of medium height and quite clean shaven. Mr. Duncan lived for a time at Toynbee Hall, Whitechapel, and up to the present time has kept in close touch with that centre of activity, On his departure for Pretoria it will be necessary—and difficult—to find a man to succeed him as treasurer for the Toynbee Education Committee, as general manager of the education work, and as the mainstay of the evening continuation classes for men.

Hard on the announcement of Mr. Trevor Jones' death comes word of the death, at Johannesburg, of Mr. D. H. McLean, dear to all as "Ducker." He was one of the four who have rowed five times for their 'Varsity, and afterwards turned out better as a coach than he was as an oar. To his coaching Oxford largely owe their great sequence of victories from 1890-98. He coached them as recently as last year, but had to sail for the front with the Somersetshire Yeomanry on the very Saturday of the race. An extraordinary thing happened to "Ducker," when he was rowing in 1887 against Cambridge. Oxford seemed to be winning, when suddenly McLean's oar smashed off short in his hand and he had to finish the journey as a passenger. He was one of the most truthful and honest men that ever lived, and all who knew him will feel sad as they think of him, lying in an unknown grave.

Also at the Front in the Yeomanry—this time the Lancashires—is Mr. W. H. L. Fletcher, one of the best of good fellows when you know him, but very shy and gruff to strangers. His "row" with poor Trevor Jones was referred to in a recent number. Almost needless to say, Mr. Fletcher got the best of it as is his wont. At the Front he has done some very good work and was specially mentioned by the Commander-in Chief. About three or four monts ago, with forty men, he beat off a big troop of Boers after a desperate fight. Oxford may well be proud of her coaches at the front—as proud as is Scotland of her golfers.

Few living civilians knew more about matters military than Mr. Charles Williams, the famous special—now retired from active service—and few have a better understanding of the private soldier, his aspirations, needs, and ways of thought. At the same time he has never been a victim to the shibboleths of militarism, but has preserved all through the independence of a layman and a democrat. He is not universally beloved in Pall Mall, for he has a way with him which is not pleasing to those he criticises; but he has many friends and admirers in the army—and high up in the army, too—all the same and no one has ever impugned his good faith and single-mindedness. It is said that at the funeral of the Queen the other day Mr. Williams received an invitation for the ceremony in St George's Chapel direct from the King himself, in recognition of a favobr which he was once in a position to do His Majesty.

A PERFECT BEVERAGE.

Preferred by Connoisseurs for its high quality and delicious natural flavor.

van Houten's Cocoa

Rich in nourishing and stimulating properties, it builds up and invigorates the system.

Best & Goes Farthest.

NOTHING FINER COMES

FROM THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS THAN

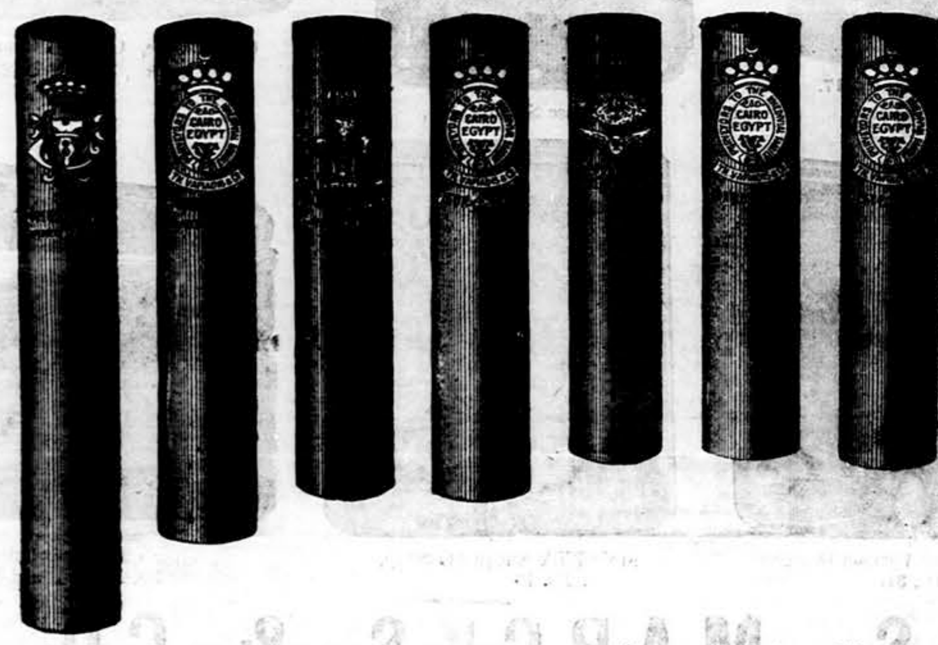
THE ACME OF EGYPTIAN PRODUCTION

KNOWN AND SMOKED AS HIGH-CLASS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

OUR POPULAR SPECIALITIES.



Per 00 Rs. 7. Rs. 5-8 Rs. 4-8. Rs. 3-12. Rs. 4. Rs 3-4. 2Rs -12.

AT CAIRO MANUFACTORY PRICES.

THEIR POPULARITY WAS NEVER SO GREAT,
THEIR SALE NEVER SO LARGE,
AS AT PRESENT.

Guaranteed fresh, consignments received by every P. & O. Mail.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT AT

TH. VAFIADIS & Co.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

CALVERT'S

20% CARBOLIC SOAP

Cures and prevents Insect and Mosquito bites.

The strongest Carbolic Toilet Soap.

CARBOLIC OINTMENT

A Sovereign remedy for all Skin ailments.

FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT.

Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.

"CAUTION.—The name of 'PHOSPHODYNE" is "protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of "India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any "colcrable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

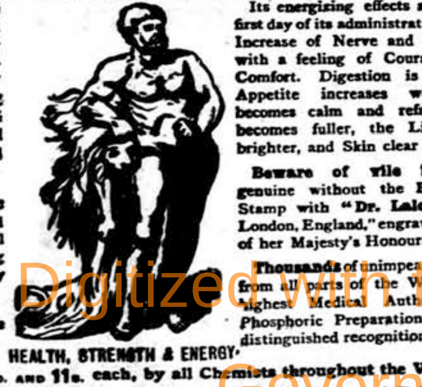
PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.



HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

Manufactured only at DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENGLAND.

LEA & PERRINS'

Messrs. LEA & PERRINS beg to announce that, to enable the public to recognise their world-renowned

Original Worcestershire Sauce,

from others bearing a label in close imitation of theirs, they are now printing their Signature, in WHITE, diagonally across the RED LABEL on each bottle. Anyone copying the same will be at once proceeded against.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

The Original and Genuine.

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.

THE BEST SECURITY FOR HEALTH.

WILKINSON'S

Over 60 Years' World-wide Reputa ion.

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

WELL-KNOWN AS "A superior preparation that may always be relied on."

Estd. since 1829.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, and all Impurities of the Blood.

A Restorative after attacks of FEVER, CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, &c.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—Medical Review.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. Martin.

The late Lord Clyde said—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—Earl of Aldborough.

"It is in the strictest sense a tonic, with this invaluable attribute—that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken and so irritable, as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable and injurious."—Mr. Travers, F.R.S.

"In consequence of much Debility, &c., subsequent to Cholera, I have freely used it myself with great benefit and success."—Joseph Poett.

It is asserted on good authority that by taking a little daily, the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

CAUTION.—Beware of Imitations and Substitutes.

N.B.—To avoid impositions, the public are respectfully requested to notice the Name and Trade Mark W which appear on each genuine bottle.

Thomas Wilkinson

AGENT:—TREACHER & Co., Limited, PHILLIPS & Co., Limited. KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

MOIR'S

FRESH HERRINGS.

In 1 lb. Round Flat Tins.

Manufacturers:
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office:—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
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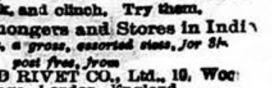

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Spots.
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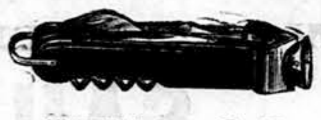
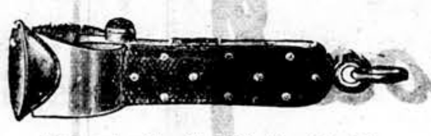

Cigar Cutter etc., Rs. 16.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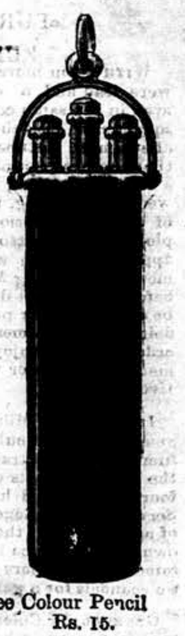
Cigar Cutter, Rs. 5-8.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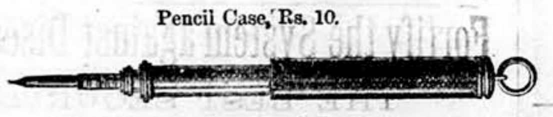
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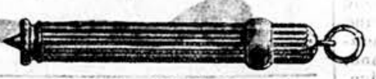
Tri-coloured Gun Metal, Rs. 10-8.


Plain Gun Metal, Rs. 5-8.

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Turquoise Set Tri-coloured Pencil, Rs. 12

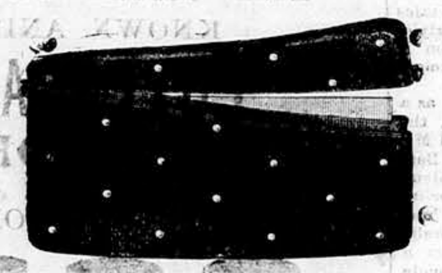
Turquoise Set, Rs. 12.

Magic Action Pencil, Rs. 10-8.

Silver Beaton Rs. 17.

Gold Beaten, Rs. 17.

Turquoise Set, Rs. 11.

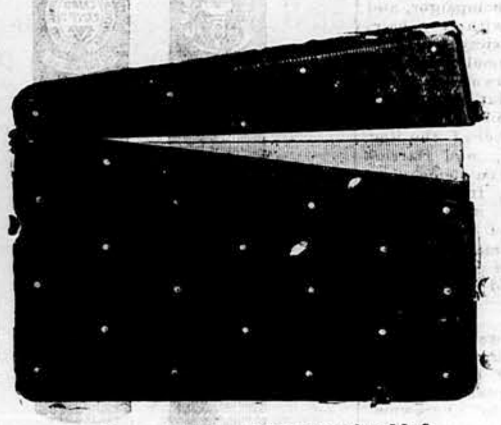

Gents' Case, Card Turquoise Rs. 16-8, Plain, Rs. 12-8

Memorandum Case Turquoise . 20

Silver Beaten, in Various Designs, Rs. 32-8.

Gold Beaten, in Various Designs Rs. 31.

Moire Silk Turquoise Snap, Rs. 19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